Consult Powells WITHOUT DELAY
FOR THE CORRECTION OF DEFORMITY & ORTHOPAEDIC APPLIANCES, TRUSSES FOR HERNIA, ABDOMINAL BELTS & ARTIFICIAL LIMBS.
POWELLS LIMITED. BOMBAY 4

Regd. No. B. 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

VOL. XXXVI
NO. 180

BOMBAY: MONDAY, AUGUST 2, 1948

Price: 2 ANNAS

BALIWALLA & HOMI LTD.
265, HORNBY RD., FTC., BOMBAY
OPTICIANS
BY APPOINTMENT TO H.E. SIR JOHN COLVILLE, GOVERNOR OF BOMBAY

Air Pirate Cotton's License Suspended

BRITISH MINISTRY TAKES ACTION

Violation Of Aviation Rules In Flying Over India

LONDON, August 1, (Reuter): The British Ministry of Civil Aviation has temporarily suspended the flying licence of Sydney Cotton, the Australian-born London businessman, who flew supplies into the Indian State of Hyderabad from Karachi on July 19.

Mr. Cotton has held his flying licence for 33 years.

A Ministry of Aviation spokesman told "Reuter": "It is a recognised rule that pilots flying over Indian territory should either land or get permission to fly over.

Mr. Cotton did neither and following a complaint from India, his licence has been suspended pending the receipt of his written observations."

The "United Press of India" adds:—Mr. Cotton who arrived here about a week ago repeated in a Press interview today his story that he had made the direct flight as he was reliably informed that "India intended arresting the crew at Bombay".

He added that the return flight was made in day light, the Commander-in-Chief of the Indian Air Force having previously threatened to shoot down planes flying direct to Hyderabad.

The purpose of his flight, he again stated, was to break the Indian blockade of Hyderabad—and take vital medical supplies there.

The interview was published today by the "Sunday Despatch" on its front page.

MISS VIMALA SILU

Miss Vimala Silu, who stood first in the B.A. degree examination of the Indian Women's University, Bombay.

'DRAW INSPIRATION FROM TILAK'

His Part In Winning Swaraj Recalled At City Meeting

BOMBAY, Sunday.

Services rendered to the nation by Lokmanya B. G. Tilak, "Father of Indian Unrest", were recalled at a public meeting at the Jinnah Hall this evening to commemorate his 28th death anniversary.

The meeting was held under the auspices of the B.P.C.C., Mr. S. K. Patil presided.

Mr. Patil said that the Lokmanya was a close associate of Mahatma Gandhi and added that but for their appearance on the political firmament, the country would not have reached the goal of independence in such a short time.

Narrating the main events in Lokmanya Tilak's career, the speaker observed that it was difficult to say what should be the most fitting memorial to him. But he felt the ideal for which he fought, namely, Swaraj, must be the best memorial since Tilak's name was inextricably linked with freedom.

Mr. Patil concluded by saying that now that the country had achieved independence, it was incumbent on the people to behave in a responsible and disciplined manner, drawing inspiration from Lokmanya Tilak and Mahatma Gandhi.

Mr. G. D. Vartak, Minister for Local Self-Government, referred to Tilak's motto, "Swaraj is our birthright" which gave inspiration to the masses to join the political struggle and said that he was a man of action who realised that political freedom could be achieved only through mobilising the masses.

Mrs. Lilavati Munshi also spoke.

(SEE LAST PAGE.)

JAIPUR CONGRESS SESSION

JAIPUR, August 1, (U.P.I.): The office of the Reception Committee of the forthcoming Congress session at Jaipur was formaly opened this morning at sunrise. The simple and dignified ceremony took place in the presence of a select and distinguished gathering, including Sir V. T. Krishnamachari the Dewan of Jaipur and Shri Hiralal Shastri, Chief Minister Jaipur.

Mr. Hiralal Shastri speaking on the occasion referred to the coincidence of the ceremony with the death anniversary of Lokamanya Tilak and added that it was a happy one.

ESTATE DUTY BILL NOT FOR THIS SESSION

NEW DELHI, July 31 (UPI): The Estate Duty Bill, it is learnt, will not be introduced during the forthcoming session of the Indian Parliament.

The Select Committee which is meeting on August 2 will disperse without considering the Bill.

Cholera Vaccine For Hyderabad

HYDERABAD (Dn.), Aug. 1, (A. P. I.): Under instructions from the Government of India, the Haffkine Institute, Bombay, is supplying one lakhs doses of Cholera Vaccine to combat the spread of the epidemic in Hyderabad and Secunderabad.

This information is contained in a Press Note issued by the Secretary to the Agent-General for India in Hyderabad today which said:

"Reports had appeared in the press that cholera has broken out in Hyderabad and Secunderabad cities. In the wake of the monsoon it is not unusual for cholera to break out at this part of the year. Fortunately casualities which are reported to have occurred so far, have been few.

"With a view to combating the epidemic effectively, under instructions from the Government of India, the Haffkine Institute, Bombay is supplying the Agent-General in Hyderabad one lakh doses of vaccine for distribution in the State.

"The authorities concerned are being contacted":

SPECIAL PRAYER AT RAJGHAT

H. E. Shree Prakasa, Governor-General of India laying wreaths at Rajghat, to pay homage to the memory of Gandhiji, at the completion of six months since his assassination. A special prayer was conducted by Acharya Vinoba Bhave, on the occasion. Pandit Nehru is seen near the Governor-General.

BISCUITS FROM 'NEERA'

Morarji Desai Inaugurates Class Of Trainees

SHOLAPUR, Aug. 1 (API): The Home Minister of Bombay, Mr. Morarji Desai attended a police parade held in his honour at Sholapur police headquarters this morning.

Later Mr. Desai visited Hiparga, a village four miles from Sholapur, and inaugurated a class started by the Bombay Government for training about 250 students in the various processes of preserving "Neera" and manufacturing gur, sugar, biscuits and other products from "Neera".

Before inaugurating the class, Mr. Desai performed a flag salutation ceremony arranged by the organisers of the institution.

The Home Minister evinced keen interest in the biscuits and other articles prepared from "Neera" and tasted some of them. He expressed the hope that many new industries for manufacturing gur and other articles from "Neera" would soon come into existence, said that he was confident that Prohibition would be successful.

Mr. Desai later left for Barsi and will visit Nanaj on the way.

QUOTA HOLDERS TO BE ELIMINATED?

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, Aug. 1.

It is reliably learnt from well-informed cloth circles, here, that Government intends to eliminate system of quota holders and start license system again. In case of quota holders or whole salers and present retailers are abolished nearly 15 lakhs of merchants and 60 lakhs of Gumastas will be unemplayed.

fter Government freezed the stock prices of cloth lying with wholesalers and retailers also have gone up. So it is likely that if profiteering continued stocks of wholesales will also be greezed

Though there are police pickets in mills, it is reported, some bales of yarn and cloth have gone out even after police were posted in mills The District Magistrate has been informed and an inquiry is going on.

Telegrams from up country merchants are suggesting cancellation of previous orders as drastic step on whole sale dealers is considered likely.

Some finer varieties are being quoted high prices due to fear of scarcity. Generally there is downward tendency and there is no rush for purchase.

NEW METHOD OF CLOTH SMUGGLING

NEW DELHI, July 31 (UPI): Hyder Hussain Rizvi, said to be a shop-keeper dealing in general merchandise in Lahore, who came to Delhi from Lahore on July 27, was detained at the Willingdon Aerodrome this morning as he was about to leave for Lahore by an INA Plane. Suspecting his bona fides, the Delhi Customs officers made a search. He was found to be going to Lahore with several yards of textile wrapped up round his body underneath his "Achkan".

According to the Indian Sea Customs Act, "no one can take anything with him except personal clothings from India to Pakistan without permit". This merchant had contravened the regulations by attempting to carry away cloth illicitly to Lahore.

FREEZE ORDER SENSATION IN SURAT

(From Our Correspondent)

SURAT, July 31.

The latest announcement of the India Government regarding yarn and cloth has created ugly situation for local merchants. It is understood there are about 350 shops of cloth merchants and a large range of cloths has been stocked by them. The merchants now seem perplexed about the disposal of these goods. The India Government's order for posting police pickets at the mill gates has still not been in force on Surat mills at the time of wiring.

PAKISTAN ADMITS TROOPS FIGHTING IN KASHMIR?

LAHORE, August 1, (U.P.I.): Pakistan Government have admitted that their troops are fighting along with the forces of the so-called "Azad Kashmir Government."

This disclosure is made in a five column banner headline story published by the "Civill and Military Gazette" today. It says: "Pakistan delegates have informed the United Nations' Kashmir Commission that Pakistan troops were constrained to take part in the Kashmir fighting in order to thwart the threatened Indian pincer movement against Pakistan itself."

The paper adds: "They emphasised that Pakistan's decision to send troops in May 1948 to assist the Azad Kashmir forces was made in self defence and the activities of the Pakistan troops had been restricted to keeping the Indian armies away from the Pakistan border.

"Documentary evidence was produced before the Commission to prove that India's planned summer offensive in Kashmir was intended to develop into a two-pronged attack on Pakistan by the Indian forces on the one hand and the Faqir of Ipi on the other."

The paper continues: "Pakistan, it was contended, could not remain a silent spectator when fighting, with a serious threat to its very existence, continued on her borders and thousands of Muslim refugees were flooding the West Punjab, which had not as yet been able to absorb in her economy the six million Muslim refugees from the East Punjab".

"From the strategic point of view, it was pointed out, Pakistan could not afford the luxury of losing Kashmir where all the rivers flowing into Western Pakistan originated, where important irrigation headworks like Mangla were situated, and which was a useful recruiting area for her armies. For various other political, geographical and economic reasons, too, Pakistan had to take an active part in the Kashmir fighting, the paper observes.

Referring to the cease-fire proposal of the U.N. Commission, the paper adds: "It was gathered from informed circles that Pakistan was in no mood to agree to any cease-fire proposal, which did not contemplate the withdrawal of the Indian army from the predominently Muslim State of Jammu and Kashmir and the establishment of a neutral regime".

WANTED CHINESE SHOT DEAD

KUALA LUMPUR, August 1, (Reuter): Police today shot dead a wanted Chinese at Menglembu, three miles South West of Ipoh and seriously wounded and captured another when the two resisted arrest.

NEW DANUBE CONVENTION

BELGRADE, August 1 (Reuter).—A new Danue Convention depriving the Western Allies of most of their navigation rights along Europe's greatest waterway was expected by Western observers to emerge from the tennation conference meeting here.

The Western Powers, it was believed, would maintain their insistence on their rights acquired under the 1921 Convention after the first world war, but this was expected to have little practical effect on the new river regime.

When Britain and France stated their claims under this Convention at yesterday's session, M. Andrei Vyshinsky, Deputy Soviet Foreign Minister, asserted that the Convention had lapsed through treaties signed by the Western Powers before the war as well as through clauses in the Balkan Peace Treaties of 1947.

He told the Western Powers the door was open for them to leave the Conference if they would not accept its majority decisions.

Six of the eight Riparian countries—through which the Danube passes—are members of the Soviet "bloc", and of the other two Austria is only an observer at the Conference, Germany is not represented.

The Conference, called by the "Big Four", is being attended by Britain, France, Russia, the United States, Ukraine, Bulgaria, Yugoslavia, Rumania, Hungary and Czechoslovakia.

Jawahar Walks Out Of Refugee Meeting

TAKES EXCEPTION TO ATTACK ON GOVERNMENT POLICY

Rehabilitation Problem Linked With Others, He Says

(FROM A.P.I. AND U.P.I.)

NEW DELHI, August 1. Addressing a gathering of representatives of Refugee Organisations and Camps in the Constitution House here this evening, the Prime Minister, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, said that while solving the problem of refugee resettlement the Government must keep in view a number of other serious problems facing the country and the effect that it might have on them. Problems like the precarious position of India's economy, Hyderabad, Kashmir and Refugee Rehabilitation were interlinked with one another, he said.

NOT AN ISOLATED QUESTION

The hardships and misery, the Prime Minister continued through which the refugees had passed and their right to demand all possible help from the country were facts that could not be disputed. Besides humanitarian reasons, it was necessary for the welfare of India that the refugees were settled in life quickly. The question today, therefore, was how they must be rehabilitated.

Pandit Nehru recalled the Bengal famine and said that the task of giving relief in the famine stricken areas was not so serious and difficult a problem as the one of resettling refugees. A large section of wealth-producing population had suddenly lost the means of livelihood and had become, on the other hand, a burden on the rest of the country. It was essential that they were helped in becaming once again producers of 'real wealth'.

The question of giving aid to the refugees could not be isolated from other problems that they were trying to tackle at present. Prices were rising. Due to the recommendations of the Pay Comhad gone up by about 30 crores. mission, Government expenditure The country was faced with a serious economic crisis. There was a constant demand for higher wages, but India's production level was going down. And without increase in production increase in wages would mean nothing. Besides this were the military and political problems of Kashmir and Hyderabad in which the country was involved at the moment.

In an attempt to find a solution of the refugee problem they could not afford to ignore other problems. The Government must watch carefully what repurcussions one was liable to have on the rest. They must also make sure that if they solved one proolem their position with regard to other ones did not deteriorate because of that.

It was quite easy to prepare a long list of things that the Government had not been able to do but if they were fair they could also draw a list equally long, of the Government's achievements. Generally the people tended to ignore what had been done and stressed too much at aspect of the questions where the Government had failed.

They had appointed a separate Ministry and later a Development and Rehabilitation Board to make plans for the resettlement of displaced persons.

JAWAHAR WALKS OUT

The Prime Minister admitted that they had not been able to work with the speed that was called for by the urgent nature of the question." I admit the hopes yours as well as ours have not been fulfilled but we are endeavouring to achieve what has not been achieved so far and find a satisfactory way of rehabilitating you", he said.

The appointment recently of a minister of State instead of a Minister of Cabinet rank, the Prime Minister explained did not mean that the Government did not attach sufficient importance to the subject. It had been done because the Government wanted Mr. Saksena to devote all his attention to the problem without being bothered by the routine work of a Ministry.

One refugee from among the audience requested Pandit Nehru to outline the plans that the Government had for the rehabilitation of refugees. The Prime Minister replied that he did not have the details of such plans and that Mr. Mohan Lal Saksena alone was competent to do that.

The gathering then was addressed by one of the refugees who said: "We admit that Hyderabad and Kashmir are our responsibility, but how is that our troubles are nobody"s responsibility?"

Pandit Nehru took exception to this remark and left the meeting.

The meeting had been arranged by the Delhi Provincial Congress Comittee and was presided over by Mr. Radhe Rama.

There has recently been considerable agitation in Delhi by refugees from the N.W.F.P. The burden of their complaint is that they are not being rehabilitated as quickly as they should have been.

Refugees from N.W.F.P. declined

(Continued on Page 6.)

BIHAR GOVERNOR IN BOMBAY

H. E. Mr. M. S. Aney, Governor of Bihar, arrived in Bombay on Saturday morning and left for Poona in the evening. He is seen with Mr. B. G. Kher, the Premier.

Irish Partition Talks

ATTLEE MEETS THE TWO PREMIERS

Hopes Of Settlement Gathering Strength

DUBLIN, August 1 (Reuter)—The British Prime Minister, Mr. Clement Attlee, who is holidaying in Eire, and Mr. John Costello, Eire's Prime Minister, are believed to have discussed informally the partition of Ireland over the week-end.

Mr. Attlee is expected to see the Prime Minister of Northern Ireland, Sir Basil Brooke, at Enniskillen, possibly next week and may discuss partition with him.

There is speculation here about a possible meeting between the three statesmen before Mr. Attlee's return.

Murder In Mail Train

AMBALA, August 1 (UPI).—A gruesome tragedy resulting in the murder of Rai Bahadur Pindi Sabharwal, Chairman of the Army Pension Commission, and his wife, was enacted in the Kalka Mail, which arrived here this morning at 3 from Amritsar.

The victims were done to death, it was alleged, by one Kundan Singh who is now in police custody, and their dead bodies were recovered by the police. The alleged culprit was apprehended by the railway staff at Sirhind and taken to custody

A.P.I. adds: It appears that Mr Sabharwal and his wife who were the only occupants of the first class compartment, were murdered and their bodies thrown out between Sahank and Doraha railway stations of the East Punjab Railway.

It is reported that the alleged assassin was challenged by a ticket collector while getting down from the first class compartment at Sirhind Railway station. He attempted to escape but was overpowered and put under arrest.

Some of the belongings of the victims including jewellery worth Rs. 4000 and Rs. 1,700 in cash were recovered from his person besides a bloodstained weapon.

Later the bodies of the Rai Bahadur and his wife were recovered from the Railway track between Doraha and Sahank stations.

High police and civil officials from Ambala visited the spot this morning.

Plane Crash Near Karachi

Aircraft Destroyed: Crew Of Four Killed

KARACHI, Aug. 1 (API): A Lancastrian aircraft crashed near Mauripur, on the outskirts of Karachi, about 9 a.m. today.

The entire crew of four was killed and the aircraft was completely wrecked.

It is learned that official enquiries are being made, but the nationality of the aircraft and the nationalities of the crew have not yet been ascertained.

Pakistan's Ministry of Communications is expected to issue a Communique on Monday morning giving further details about the crash of the Lancastrian.

AIR FRANCE PLANE MISSING. 52 PERSONS ON BOARD.

PARIS, August 1. (U. P. A.): Air France announced tonight that a six motor Hydravion carrying 52 persons was missing on a flight between Martinique and French West Africa.

The giant seaplane left Port de France in the French West Indies at 1600 G.M.T. yesterday. It was due to arrive at Port Etienne, north of Dakar, in French West Africa, at 0100 G.M.T. today.

It was last heard from at 0010 G.M.T. when it gave its position and said all was well aboard.

The plane was known as the "Hydravion FBDRC" It carried 40 passengers and a crew of 12.

R.A.F. DAKOTA CRASHES IN BERLIN.

BERLIN, August 1. (U. P. A.): A Royal Air Force Dakota carrying four tons of coal into Berlin swerved off the runway and crashed at Gatow Airfield today but nobody was injured.

The plane's left wing and motor were damaged and the undercarriage collapsed. The machine was moved away soon after the mishap and the landing of other planes continued without interruption.

U. S. AIR FORCE PLANES SET NEW RECORD.

FRANKFURT, August 1. (U. P. A.): United States Air Force planes set a new record by flying 2,056 tons of supplies to Soviet blockaded Berlin in the 24 hours ending at 1400 hours G.M.T. today.

The flights were made from Wiesbaden and Rhein-Main airports.

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS PER WORD

Minimum Rs. 1/8/-

To Be Paid In Advance

LOST AND FOUND

A precious Diamond Earing lost presumably at Santa Cruz Aerodrome on Tuesday, the 20th inst. Finder will be handsomely rewarded Please correspond Box No. 9300 "Bombay Chronicle".

MATRIMONIAL

Match for Hindu girl, 23, matriculate C|o Post Box 4014 Bombay 7. 9304

Suitable Alliance without dowry available for goodlooking educated vegetarian Hindu maiden in Bombay. Correspondence confidential. Apply Box No. 9285 "Bombay Chronicle."

Matches for three girls 16, 20, 30 years. Well educated and pretty Correspond with Lady Manager, Marriage Gazette, Barna Street, Saddar Bazar, Delhi. 7

SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted a Lady Doctor, either L.C.P.S. or M.B.B.S. Apply stating qualifications, etc., and copies of testimonials and Salary Expected to the Box No. 814 "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted qualified Muslim Doctors, Nurses, Compounders, male and female Attendants for Pilgrim Ships. Good salary and free messing. Apply sharp with qualification, experience, etc., to: The Haj Line, The Scindia Steam Navigation Co., Ltd., Ballard Estate, Bombay. 862

Wanted a Junior Typist Clerk with Office experience to join immediately. Knowledge of shorthand preferable. Apply stating qualifications, experience and minimum salary expected to Box No. 861 "Bombay Chronicle".

Learn Typing on Brand New Typewriters. Fees Moderate. Fresh Classes starting from 1st. Central Commercial College. "B" Block, Dalal Estate, 2nd Floor, near Lang Company near Central Station, Lamington Road. 9284

Typewriting / Shorthand 3/8/- monthly. Commercial Correspondence / Accountancy 5/-/-. Stenographer's one month course 20/-/-. Tuition Personal/Postal. New Era Commercial Classes, 557 Cheera Bazar, Bombay. 9299

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Admissions-Davar's College of Commerce— Enrol immediately for Special New Session Classes for late entrants for Professional Diploma Courses. Tuition personal or postal. Call or write for Prospectus, 51, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay. 9303

Wanted candidates to become Overseers through correspondence instruction. Apply to the Principal, British India Technical College, (B): Broach. (9221)

Learn Journalism, Story Writing, Masterly English, Accountancy, Shorthand, D. Com., Commercial Courses by post. Associated Schools, Delhi. 9188A

LOANS & MORTGAGES

For Loans on reasonable terms please contact Mr. G. S. Monga, (A) Post Box No. 119. Baroda. 9141

MACHINERY WANTED

Wanted one New Oil Expeller Foreign make. Correspond to:— Jubbulpore Oil Mills, Jubbulpore. 9289

Wanted Shell Crete mixers new, reconditioned or second hand in perfect working condition. Please contact with full particulars quoting price F.O.R. P.R. Krishnasami, Oil Mill Road, Trivandrum. 9287

Wanted Quotations with list of Machineries in detail for Potato cold storage of 100 and 250 Tons. Interested firms will please communicate to Dewan Bahadur K. N. Goenka, Lakshmi Bhawan, Monghyr. 887

AGENTS WANTED.

Wanted Selling Agents and Distributors for yarn, piece goods etc., in different areas. Apply for further particulars. Tungabhadra Textiles Limited, Harihar. 845

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

Property For Sale at DeLisle Road Lower Parel. Ground Floor Shops. Two floors living accommodation. Apply Box No. 9301 "Bombay Chronicle".

ESTATES OR PROPERTY WANTED

Wanted suitable buildings and plots in City and Suburbs on Sale, Lease and Mortgage. Management and rent collection of properties undertaken. Yearly rent paid in advance. Investors big or small get 6 per cent interest with cent per cent security. Consult Champion Properties Co. Ltd. 301, Charni Road, Bombay. 9275

MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

Sterling Chemical & Pharmaceutical Works Ltd. Write for Particulars 302/1 Upper Circular Rd Calcutta. 8136

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

Those plain and printed ever-glazed American Chintz you were waiting for have arrived. Call early to have the pick of the lot. Raval Tiles & Marble, Ltd., 97A, Queen's Road, Bombay 1. 6778

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE.

Mr. PRABHAKAR R. KOLTHE and Mr. K. R. GHYARA, who were working in our X-Ray Department are not in our service from the 30th of July, 1948, and are not authorized to represent us in any way whatsoever.

POWE. .S LIMITED,
Bombay 4.
859

G.I.P. RLY.—TENDERS

THE DY. GENERAL MANAGER (Grainshops), G.I.P. Railway, Bombay V. T., will receive tenders on the prescribed form upto 2 p.m. on 17-8-1948 for the supply of Aerated Waters at Railway Canteens at Wadi Bandar, Byculla and Victoria Terminus. Tender documents may be obtained free of charge from the above office. 871

TENDER NOTICE.

THE DIVISIONAL ENGINEER, G.I.P. Railway, Parel, invites tenders upto 3 p.m. on 13-8-'48 for "Provision of an Office for the A.T.S. 'D' at Kalyan." The tender schedule and conditions of contract can be obtained from the office of the undersigned on payment of Rs: 2|- per set. Drawings for the work will be available on an additional payment of Rs. 3/- being made. These sums will not be refunded. 858

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY
TENDER NOTICE

Item costing over Rs. 5000|-

SEALED TENDERS are invited for the following and will be received in the office of the Controller of Stores, E.I. Rly., 105 Netaji Subhas Road, Calcutta on or before 31-8-1948 at 12 noon.

Tender No. SP|C|GB10|1541|48 for supply of 50 tons Crude Coal Tar to I.S.D. Specn: No. G|OP-65(A).

Tender forms with full particulars can be had from the Controller of Stores' Office, on payment of Rs. 2|- per copy to the Treasurer, E.I. Rly., Calcutta and on production of his receipt when applying for the same.

Firms outside Calcutta, may, however, remit the amount to the Controller of Stores, direct by money order. No refund is permissible after payment.

Tenders delivered by hand should be presented for registration in the Controller of Stores' Office and then put into the tender box outside Controller of Stores' room by the tenderer or his representative.

Tenderers if they desire, may be present at the time of opening of the tenders, which will be opened in the office of the Controller of Stores, E.I. Rly., Calcutta on 31-8-48 at 12 noon.

CONTROLLER OF STORES.
883

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

THE B. E. S. & T. COMMITTEE APPLICATIONS are invited in writing for the post of Ticket Examiners. Applicants must conform to the following:—

HEIGHT:—5'-5". Age—Not less than 25 or 40 years.

EDUCATION :—Matric passed, must produce Certificate.

PHYSIQUE:—Robust, must pass Committee's Medical Examination.

TEST:—Will have to pass Committee's written and Vocational Examinations.

Apply Traffic Manager. 873

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

THE B. E. S. & T. COMMITTEE SEALED TENDER for the supply of Double Cotton Covered Copper Wire will be received by the Chief Storekeeper up to noon on Wednesday, the 11th August, 1948.

Tender forms can be obtained from the Chief Storekeeper, Electric House, Fort, Bombay 1, on personal application but will not be forwarded by post. 874

BOMBAY PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION
Assistant Professor of Architecture
Sir J. J. School of Art, Bombay.

APPLICATIONS are invited BEFORE 13-9-1948 preferably from persons domiciled in the Province of Bombay and Non-Muslim refugees from Pakistan for the part-time non-pensionable post of ASSISTANT PROFESSOR OF ARCHITECTURE, SIR J. J. SCHOOL OF ART, Bombay. Those who have already applied in response to the Commission's previous advertisement dated June 1948 need not apply again. QUALIFICATIONS:— (1) A candidate must be a practising architect and a Fellow or an Associate of the Royal Institute of British Architects or an Association or Fellow of the Indian Institute or Architects or a Government Diploma Holder in Architecture. (2) He must have (a) good general education, (b) adequate knowledge of English and (c) teaching experience of 2 years and experience of private practice for 5 years. AGE.— Ordinarily not less than 28 or more than 35 years on 1-11-1948, relaxable in the case of a candidate possessing experience and good qualifications. PAY.— Rs. 400|- p.m. (fixed) subject to revision. Application form supplied on receipt of a large addressed envelope with 3½ annas postage stamps and a CROSSED Indian Postal Order for Re. 1|- payable to "The Secretary, Bombay Public Service Commission, Bombay", who will also supply full details on request. 884

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS are invited from candidates domiciled in the Province of Bombay for the following posts (temporary) in the Directorate of Labour Welfare, Bombay.

(1) MANAGER: Grade:—Rs. 170-15-300 (Higher pay upto Rs. 230|- may be given) Qualifications: Honours Graduate, preferably LL.B., with 5 years experience of Estate Management.

(2) SENIOR CLERK: Grade: —Rs. 120-5-140-8-220. Qualifications: Honours Graduate with practical experience of office administration.

(3) JUNIOR CLERKS 3:—Grade:—Rs. 75-5-140-6-200. Qualifications: Matriculates with some practical experience of office routine.

(4) CASHIER: Grade:—Rs. 75-5-140-6-200. Qualifications: A Matriculate with experience of bookkeeping. Should be able to give security.

(5) RENT COLLECTORS 5:—Grade:—Rs. 75-5-140-6-200. Qualifications: Matriculate. Should be able to give security.

(6) SANITARY INSPECTORS 2: Grade:—Rs. 85-5-120 E. B. 8-160. Qualification: Matriculates with diploma in sanitation and practical experience in the line.

All posts carry the usual dearness allowance sanctioned by Government.

Applications stating age, class, educational qualifications and practical experience should be forwarded on or before 10th August 1948 to the Director of Labour Welfare, Wellington Cinema Building, Dhobi Talao, Bombay 2. 878

MUSLIM UNIVERSITY ALIGARH.
NOTICE.

THE SESSION of the Aligarh Muslim University will commence on and from the 1st September, 1948. As there is a rush of students and very few seats are available in the Hostels students intending to seek admissions are advised to get the University Prospectus and Admission Forms (free of charges) and send their applications on the prescribed forms to the Registrar immediately.

REGISTRAR.
(583)

THE CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA. LIMITED.
NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the SHARE TRANSFER BOOKS of the Bank will be CLOSED from TUESDAY, the 10th August, to WEDNESDAY, the 25th August, 1948 (both days inclusive).

By Order of the Board,
H. C. CAPTAIN.
Managing Director.

Dated the 30th July, 1948.

N.B.:—Warrants for the Ad-Interim Dividend for the half-year ended 30th June 1948 on both Ordinary and Ordinary 'A' Shares will be posted to the Shareholders to their registered addresses on and after the 26th August, 1948. Intimation of any change of address should be given to the Bank immediately. (875)

COTTON WASTE & BANDING FOR SALE

DHANRAJ MILLS LIMITED will receive tenders for the sale of Cotton Waste and Bundle Banding against a cash deposit of Rs. 200|- particulars of the above will be available before hand at their Office, situate at Sun Mill Road, Lower Parel, Bombay 13. Tenders for the same should be submitted on 12-8-48 between 12 noon and 5 p.m. (S.T.) (9302)

UNIVERSITY OF BOMBAY
DEPARTMENT OF CHEMICAL TECHNOLOGY

APPLICATIONS are invited for the post of Reader in Colour Chemistry in the grade of Rs. 400-25-700.

Six type-written copies of the application made on the prescribed form, together with six copies of testimonials, should be forwarded so as to reach the Registrar, University of Bombay, Fort, Bombay 1, on or before the 9th September 1948. Further details and forms of application can be had from the Registrar.

By Order
S. R. DONGERKERY,
University Registrar.
Bombay, 24th July, 1948. (882)

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

THE SPECIAL ENGINEER invites tenders for the supply of two Bitumen Melting Kettles. Tenders will be received upto 1 p. m. (Bombay Time) on Friday the 20th August, 1948.

Forms of tender, specification, etc., will be issued by the Mechanical Engineer to any one deputed to receive them on payment of Rs. 2/- for each tender form.

The Assistant Engineer in charge of the Municipal Asphalt Plant (Phone No. 42915) at Worli, will give any further information that may be required.

By Order of the
MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONER
Municipal Offices,
Fort, Bombay.
30th July, 1948. 880

PUBLIC NOTICES

THE SVADESHI MILLS COMPANY, LIMITED
NOTICE

THE TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from SATURDAY, the 21st August to FRIDAY, the 10th September, 1948 both days inclusive.

By Order of the
Board of Directors.
TATA INDUSTRIES LTD.
Managing Agents,
A. D. SHROFF
Director.
Bombay, 28th July, 1948. 877

B.B. & C.I. RAILWAY—TENDER

THE CONTROLLER OF STORES, B.B. & C.I. Rly., Jacob Circle, Mahalaxmi, Bombay No. 11 invites tenders returnable on THURSDAY, the 5th August, 1948, for the supply of 130 Nos. tables Office teakwood.

Copies of tenders can be had free on application and the Drawing can be seen in his office. Tenderers not on the approved list of tenderers should give their banker's reference. 876

EMPIRE OF INDIA LIFE ASSURANCE CO., LTD.
BOMBAY

NOTICE HAVING BEEN GIVEN of the loss of Policy numbered 205884 on the life of Srinivasagopalachary S. Chary of Lonavla, a fresh policy in lieu thereof will be issued unless objection is lodged with the Company within one month from this date.
Bombay, July 26, 1948.

ROSHANLAL.
General Manager.
9273

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that DOONGERSEY KARSONDAS AND BAI HANSHBAI wife of DOONGERSEY KARSONDAS, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitants have contracted to sell to one of our clients the undermentioned property. Any person or persons having or making any claim against the said property or any portion thereof by way of sale, mortgage, transfer, lease, exchange, gift, trust, inheritance possession, lien or otherwise howsoever is or are requested to make the same known in writing to us at our Office at Lentin Chambers Dalal Street, Fort,—Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to any such claim and the same, if any, shall be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY

ALL that piece of land containing an area of three hundred and sixty seven (367) square yards or thereabouts situate on and being Plot No. 110 (North) of the Dadar Matunga Estate of the Corporation in the City and Island and Sub-Registration District of Bombay bounded on the North-East by Plot No. 124 of the said Estate leased to Karsondas Desarbhai and another, on the South-East by plot No. 109 of the said Estate leased to Bai Motibai Keshavji Mulji, on the South-West by 26 feet road and on the North-West by Plot No. 111 of the said Estate agreed to be leased to Ramsaran Koshal which piece of land forms portion of New Survey No. 842 and bears Cadastral Survey No. 318|10 Matunga Division and are assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under F Ward No. 7520 (1) Street No. 1087.

Dated this 30th day of July 1948.

MATUBHAI JAMIETRAM AND MADAN,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
Lentin Chambers, Dalal Street,
Fort, Bombay, (879)

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDISCATURE AT BOMBAY
TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION
Petition No. 396 of 1948.

Petition for Letters of Administration of the property and credits of VISHRAM NATHOOBHAI alias VISHRAM NATHOO CHURASAMA, alias VISHRAMBHAI NATHOO, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, employed in service, residing at the time of his death at Kolbhat Lane, without the Fort of Bombay ..Deceased

HIRABAI, wife of Velji Naranji also of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, household work, residing at Bhuleshwar without the Fort of Bombay. Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Letters of Administration.

This 20th day of July, 1948.

(Sd|-) K. K. DASTUR,
Prothonotary and
Senior Master.

Messrs. THAKORDAS DARU HEMANY & CO.
Petitioner's Attorney. 881

AUCTION SALES

Under instructions from the B.B. & C.I. Railway and in accordance with the provisions of Sections 55 and 56 of the Indian Railways Act No. IX of 1890 MENESSE & CO., will sell by Public Auction on TUESDAY, the 17th and Wednesday the 18th August, 1948 at 2 p.m. (S.T.) at Carnac Bridge, Goods Depot. Unclaimed unbooked and booked packages such as machinery, iron and wooden articles, tins, glass bangle, casks, etc.

MENESSE & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF 4000 ROUND SMALL TARPAULINS with 24 brass eyelets and cords on MONDAY, 9-8-48 at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) at our Rooms at No. 72, Medows Street, Fort, under instructions from the party concerned.

The purchasers shall have to take delivery of 3600 Tarpaulins from Viramgam where they are lying.

Terms: 50 per cent cash deposit.

GANDHI & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY AT MUTTON STREET NULL BAZAR.

Under instructions from M/s. Jamsedji Rustomjee and Devidas, Attorneys for the Vendors, M/s. BENNETT & CO. will on THURSDAY 12th inst. at 4 p.m. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction on the premises:

Partly newly assessed and partly Sanadi land with buildings or Sheds at Mutton Street also known as Gulam Mahomed Shaik Subedar Street or called Khara Tank, about 540 sq. yards, bearing Municipal Street No. 82-92 and 1, and bounded on the East by Mutton Street, on the West by a Sweeper's passage, on the North by the property of Esmail Jiwaji and on the South by the property of Essufally S. Mola.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to the above solicitors or to the undersigned.

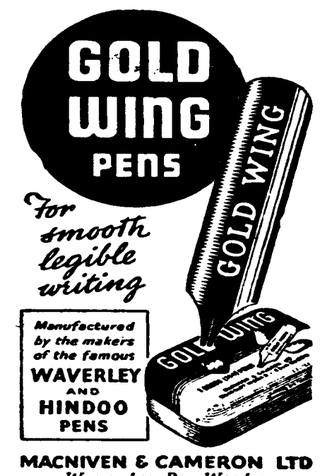
AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY AT BIBIJAN STREET or NARAYAN DHURU STREET.

Under instructions from M/s. Hooseini Doctor & Co., Attorneys for the Plaintiffs and M/s. Jamshedji Rustomji & Devidas, Attorneys for the Defendant in Suit No. 571 of 1948 (Husamuddin Mahomedaly Moosabhai & others vs. Abdulkader Moosabhoy Unwalla) and pursuant to the Consent Decree dated 14th April, 1948 M/s. BENNETT & CO. will on WEDNESDAY 25th August at 4 p.m. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction on the premises:—

Perpetual Fazandari land with dwelling house at Bibijan Street, about 103 sq. yds. bearing municipal Street No. 11 and 72 and bounded on the East by Narayan, Dhuru Street on the West by Sweeper's passage, on the North by Bibijan Street and on the South by the property of Bhimji Ramji.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to the above solicitors or to the undersigned.

BENNETT & CO.



Hair looks better... scalp feels cooler... when you regularly use
Vaseline HAIR TONIC
Vaseline
HAIR TONIC
For Women as well as Men

"BASTION OF AUTOCRACY"

Why Parade Nizam As Champion Of Islam?

MOMIN LEADER WARNS INDIAN MUSLIMS AGAINST "PAKISTAN AND HYDERABAD TROOPS"

NEW DELHI, July 31 (UPI)—"To suggest that Hyderabad is fighting the battle of Islam is not only to ignore the hard facts of history and to throw dust in the eyes of the world, but also to belittle the principles of Islam which stand for pure and unalloyed democracy and to disgrace Islam itself which is so bitterly opposed to the kind of autocratic rule which is obtained in the Nizam's Dominion" observed Mr. Abdul Qaiyum Ansari, President of the All India Momin Conference and Minister of Public Works and Rehabilitation Bihar, in a statement to the press.

He says: "It is amusing to see at-apron-string of that great champion tempts being made to parade the Nizam as the champion of Islam; and Hyderabad as the venue of the last and greatest 'Jehad' fought in defence of the Faith. This blatant trumpeting a falsehood skilfully fostered by the agents of the Nizam cannot, however, falsify the unimpeachable verdict of history that the Asafjahi Dynasty, ever since its inception, stands out as the monument and symbol of the betrayal of the Muslims of India. What is the State of Hyderabad if not a mean reward given by the British for all the sordid intrigues and mechinations of this House to bring about the downfall of the Moghul rule in that party of the country, thereby weakening, it in the other parts and consequently in the establishment of the British suzerainty all over India.

"STUMBLING BLOCK"

Continuing Mr. Abdul Qayum Ansari observes: "Also it is of the greatest significance that, while India was fighting here battle of independence against the British, the Nizam not only did not join it but he at that time took pride in calling himself as "he faithfully ally of the British", and this became a stumbling block in the achievement of freedom by India. And now that India has become free and the Britishers have quit India for good in spite of this faithful ally of the British, the Nizam now shamelessly clamours for an independent status for himself instead of acceding his State to Free India and ensuring independence to the 17 million enslaved people, which comprise the autocratic Hyderabad State".

BULWARK OF REACTION

"The grave of Tipu Sultan, the lion of Deccan", he added, "who till his last breath and with his own blood, defended the motherland against the domination of the British is a constant reminder to us, Muslims of India in particular, and to the whole world in general, what inglorious part the successive Nizams have played in the history of India. Hyderabad has, thus, always remained the bulwork of reaction and treachery, and the fact that the Nizam even now clings desperately to the

He further says: "To suggest therefore, that Hyderabad is fighting the battle of Islam is not only to ignore the hard facts of history and to throw dust in the eyes of the world but to belittle the principles of Islam which stand for pure and unalloyed democracy and to disgrace Islam itself which is so betterly opposed to the kind of autocratic rule which is obtained in the Nizam's Dominion. This autocratic rule must end soon and the Nizam must accede to the Indian Union. He should no more be allowed to play into the hands of the enemies of India."

Mr. Ansari concludes: "Hyderabad has become a festering sore. It is the last bastion of autocracy and the last ditch of imperialistic conspiracy. And yet in Pakistan prayers are being organised in aid of the Nizam. It is an irony that the sanctity of prayer should be sought to be violated by associating it with a unjust cause and tyrannical order, whose continuance will mean perpetuating autocracy and the wanton violation of elementary human rights both of which are un-Islamic in conception.

Religion is in deadly peril if it is made a pawn in the game of politics, for, the unscrupulous politicians playing for high stakes, will never hesitate to misuse religion in the furtherance of their own unworthy and irreligious plans if it could serve their purpose. And this is what is exactly being done in Pakistan as well as Hyderabad: and this was what the leaders of the Muslim League did before the partition of India. I am sure, Indian Muslims will take this warning, and guard against these traps, which are laid in different forms and various guises."

MEDIUM OF INSTRUCTION IN W. BENGAL SCHOOLS

Bengali To Be Compulsory: Assurance To Minorities

CALCUTTA, July 31 (API.) The West Bengal Government, in a press note issued today reassure the linguistic minorities in this Province that although it has been adopted as a general principle that the medium of instruction in all primary, middle and high schools in west Bengal will be Bengali, provision will also be made in schools catering predominantly to non-Bengali children to use the mother tongue of the majority of the children as the medium of instruction. There will be separate provision for teaching through Bengali for those children whose mother tongue is Bengali, provided their number justifies such arrangement being made.

The note adds: It has to be noted, however, that in all schools where the medium of instruction is other than Bengali, Bengali will be a compulsory language for all.

The West Bengal Government have kept the Centre informed about this policy and hope that such a policy will be pursued by other Provinces.

VINOBA TO TOUR COUNTRY

WARDHA, Aug. 1 (UPI)—It is learnt that Sri Vinoba Bhave is planning to undertake a country-wide tour to combat communalism. It is said that he may visit Pakistan also in due course if permitted to do so by Pakistan authorities.

"C. R." To Visit Nagpur

NAGPUR, Aug. 1 (UPI)—His Excellency Mr. C. Rajagopalachariar is arriving here on 26th August from Madras and will stay here for two days. Arrangements are in progress to accord him a grand reception and a Citizens' Committee has been set up, under the Chairmanship of Sir M. Bhawani Shanker Niyogi retired Judge of Nagpur High Court for the purpose.

IMPERIAL LIBRARY TO BECOME "INDIA LIBRARY"

CALCUTTA, July 31 (APD): The name of the biggest library in India, the Imperial Library, founded in 1902 by Lord Curzon, is to be changed into "India Library' and legislation to that purpose is likely to come up in the coming session of the Indian Parliament.

Dr. Tara Chand, Secretary to the Ministry of Education, Government of India, revealed this at a Press Conference today.

MORE TELEPHONES FOR DELHI

NEW DELHI, July 31 (API): Nearly 1,200 more telephones will be available to subscribers in the Capital before the new year, it was disclosed at the meeting of the Telephone Advisory Committee held here today.

One thousand of the additional telephones will be automatic, and connected to the Connaught Place Exchange, where the installation of 2,000 line equipment is in progress. The rest will be mannual telephones connected to the Lothian Exchange which will be converted in a few years into a new 4,000 line automatic exchange. About 125 miles of underground cables are also being laid.

Trunk facilities have recently been increased by the provision of three-channel carriers for Dehra Dun, Lucknow and Muzaffarnagar. Ludhiana and Ambala will soon be connected with Delhi similarly.

A number of additional trunk junctions have been provided between the Trunk Exchange and Old Delhi. The installation of 10 more additional trunk positions has started and will be completed in three months.

Steps are also being taken to improve the telephone service in the Capital. They include the training of operators in courtesy, prompt attention to complaints, surprise visits to the exchanges and better supervision by officers.

PROGRESS OF INDIAN FOREST RANGER COLLEGE

NEW DELHI, August 1, The increasing demand for trained forest rangers during recent years, is reflected in the Quinquennial Report of the Indian Forest Ranger College, Debra Dun for the period 1941-46, which has just been published. The college, which is the oldest of its kind in the East, has expanded from one class of 34 students into three classes with a total strength of 113 in 1945-46.

The two-year course of training at the college includes teaching of Silviculture, Forest Management, Protection, Forest Mensuration, Forest Utilisation, Forest Law and allied subjects such as, Forest Botany, Forest Pathology, Mycology, Forest Entomology, Geology, Soil Science and Forest surveying. In addition intensive practical training is given while the students are on tours in many Provinces.

Students who are deputed by a Province or a State with a guarantee of employment on their successful completion of the course, alone are admitted to the College and the minimum educational qualification is Intermediate in Science of an Indian University.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 21 April, 2017

PITMAN'S BOOK-KEEPING & ACCOUNTANCY SECRETARIAL & CORRESPONDENCE BOOKS.

Advanced Accounts by Carter. 12/6.
Key to Advanced Accounts by Goodman. 22/6.
Munro's Book-keeping & Accountancy. 9/-
Munro's Elementary Book-keeping. 4/6.
Course in Book-keeping by Holland. 6/6.
Book-keeping Simplified. Buxton. 4/6.
Primer of Book-keeping. James Hynes. 2/9.
Book-keeping for Beginners. Hooper. 3/-.
Manual of Commercial Correspondence. Roland Fry. 4/6.
Pitman's Commercial Correspondence & Commercial English. 4/-
Manual of Commercial English. Shawcross. 4/6.
Business Letters in English. Weston. 6/-
Principles of Auditing. Depaula. 12/6.
Practical Auditing by Spicer & Peglar 25/-
Guide to Company Secretarial Work. Bucknall. 5/-
Questions & Answers on Secretarial Practice. Bucknall. 6/6
Practical Secretarial Work. Lee & Barr. 15/-.
Business Accounts. Terry & Smith. 6/6.

From all Booksellers or
A. H. WHEELER & CO.
Bombay, Allahabad & Calcutta.
Agents for SIR ISAAC PITMAN & SONS LTD., LONDON

STEAM & MINING EQUIPMENT (INDIA) LTD.

101, Park Street, CALCUTTA.

REPRESENTATIVES FOR:

HIGH PRESSURE STEAM ACCUMULATORS
Ruths Accumulators (Cochran) Ltd

PETROL/PARAFFIN COBORN ENGINES
Browett Lindley Ltd.

CHEMICAL PLANTS
Cannon Iron Foundries

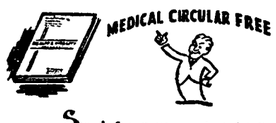
PAINT MACHINERY
Torrance & Sons Ltd

WIRE AND HEMP ROPES
Garnock Bibby & Co Ltd.

INDUSTRIAL FANS
Musgrave & Co. Ltd.

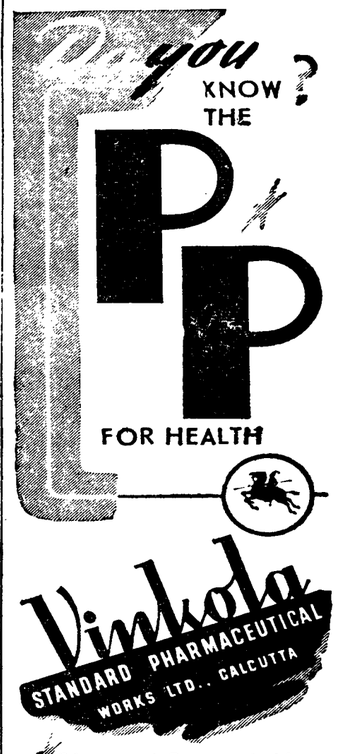
3 & 6 H.P. Engines in stock subject to prior sale.
(2)

We offer the services of our "Clinical Department" run under the direct Supervision of qualified and experienced physicians and Surgeons, to all Sufferers of health and strength, mental and nervous disorders, obesity, Constitutional and other chronic diseases.
PERSONAL INDIVIDUALISED TREATMENT & EXPERT GUIDANCE.
If you cannot visit our clinic personally, send your full case history in detail with a stamped self-addressed envelope for diagnosis and suggested treatment.



Send for a copy of our book HEALTH & VITALITY, Price Rs. 2/- postage As. 8, extra per V.P.P. Rs. 2/10. Contains over 450 pages and 200 illustrations. It describes all you want to know about reconditioning your health by modern methods.

HERING & KENT
P. O. Box 325. (B. C. B.)
261-263, Hornby Road, Fort Bombay



THERE IS NONE BETTER THAN
"Bentex"
Brand Bracelets
"BENTEX" BOMBAY 7.

BIG SMASHING HIT—

ASHOK KUMAR
MUMTAZ SHANTI
MUMTAZ ALI in

PADMINI

Music: GULAM HAIDER
Daily 3-30, 6-30, 9-30 P.M.

MAJESTIC

OPENING FRIDAY AUG. 6TH

EXCELSIOR
AND
MINERVA

Plans open at Minerva daily 10 to 12

FIRST TECHNICOLOR IN HINDI-URDU!

A WESTERN INDIA THEATRES LTD. release

9TH WEEK! Omar Khaiyam Picture

TOOTE TARE
SHAMIM, MRIDULLA

OPERA HOUSE
3-30, 6-30 and 9-30
Also showing 'EK-SADI-BAD'

CITY & SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Ashad Vad 12, 2004.
Muslim: Ramzan 25, 1367.
Parsi: Aspandarmad 4, 1317.
Sunrise: 6-15 a.m. Sunset: 19-13 p.m.
Hightide: 10-12, 21-26.
Lowtide: 02-59, 16-06.
MUNICIPAL CORPORATION: 2-30 p.m. (B. T.).

To-day's Engagements

AT YOU TODAY. Symposium—"Should Prostitution be Abolished?" at Youths' Own Union—YOU—today (Monday), at K. R. Cama's (Library) Hall, at 6-15 p.m.

FREEDOM GROUP: Prof. C. N. Vakil of the University School of Economics will give at Mody Hall, Apollo Street, today, at 6-15 p.m., a public talk on "The Chetty Deal regarding our Sterling Balances." Prof. P. A. Wadia will preside.

BOMBAY VETERINARY COLLEGE: 62nd anniversary of the College today, at 9 a.m. Mr. S. A. Aiyar, Director of Publicity, Bombay Government, will preside.

IDUL-FITR CONGREGATIONAL PRAYERS AT THE AZAD MAIDAN: Under the auspices of the Anjumane-Tabligh-ul-Islam, Bombay, Idul-Fitr Congregational Prayers will be offered at the Azad Maidan, on Saturday the 7th or Sunday, the 8th August, 1948, at 8-30 a.m. (I. S. T.). Arrangements of water for ablutions and loud-speakers are made. Carpets for prayers should be brought as there is shortage of cloth in the city of Bombay.

RASHTRABHASHA EXAMINATIONS: The Secretary Bombay Provincial Rashtrabhasha Prachar Sabha writes: 'Forms with late fee will be accepted till 1st of August for the Rashtrabhasha Examinations: Prarambhic, Pravesh, Parichaya and Kovid of the Rashtrabhasha Prachar Samiti, Wardha to be held in September, at the office of the above Sabha near Fellowship School, Gowalia Tank, Bombay 26, between 3-30 p.m. and 6-30 p.m."

TELEGRAPH NOTIFICATION: Telegrams to Palestine are not admitted except to Haifa, Tel Aviv and Jewish quarters of Jerusalem. All such telegrams are subject to censorship and at sender's risk and letter telegrams are not admitted. No restrictions to code telegrams at present.

ANEY AT POONA

POONA, Aug. 1 (UPI): A right royal reception was accorded to Mr. M. S. Aney, Governor of Bihar, when he arrived here last night.

Mr. Aney will deliver the Lokmanya Tilak Anniversary address this evening.

Sir Maharaj Singh At Ganeshkhind

GANESHKHIND, August 1, (A. P. I.): The Governor of Bombay and Rani Maharaj Singh accompanied by Kunwar Ranbir Singh and attended by Mr. R. S. Modi, aide-de-camp, left Bombay and arrived at Ganeshkhind today.

His Excellency Shri M. S. Aney, the Governor of Bihar, attended by his military secretary and Mrs. Deoskar have arrived.

Radio

BOMBAY, Monday, August 2.
244 m. (1,231 kc/s).
7-30 a.m. V. D. Ambhaikar. 7-40 News (M) 7-50 News (G) 8-0 News (E) 8-15 News (H) 8-30 V. D. Ambhaikar. 8-45 Madan Mohan. 9-0 Madhusudan Acharya 12-0 p.m. Bahnon Ke Liye. 12-45 News (M). 12-50 News (G). 12-55 Suno Suno. 1-25 News (H). 1-30 News (E). 1-40 Personalities. 2-5 Music of Andrre Kostelanetz. 4-20 School Broadcasts. 4-25 Science. 4-40 Mandolin Solo. 4-45 Some Unexpected Discoveries 5-0 Ahmad Jan Mohammed Jan. 5-15 Hirabai Jhaveri. 5-45 News (K). 6-0 News (E). 6-10 News (H). 6-15 Madan Mohan. 6-30 Hirabai Jhaveri. 7-0 Topic of the Day. 7-10 Local Announcements and Weather Report. 7-15 Tabla Vadan. 7-30 Vinautpadan Vinash: Utpadanman Katokati. 7-45 Gujarati Geets. 8-10 News (M). 8-15 News (G). 8-30 Musical Round-up. 9-0 News (E). 9-15 News (H). 9-30 B. B. C. News Relay. 9-40 Anything Goes. 9-45 Books on my Shelf. 10-0 Madhusudan Acharya. 10-20 Shreematibai Narvekar.

VARIATIONS.
41.44 m. (7,240 kc/s).
7-40 a.m. Marathi Gani. 5-45 p.m. Chhotubhai Patel. 6-15 Calling Rural Listeners.
61.48 m. (4,880 kc/s).
7-45 p.m. Commercial News. 8-0 Chhotubhai Patel. 8-15 Shalini Joshi 9-0 Shreemathibai Narvekar. 10-0 George Lester's "Melody Trio". 10-30 Music of the Opera. 10-45 Toti Dal Monte (Soprano) and Heddle Nash with Orchestra.

OPENING OF UDYOG MANDIR

Srimati Indumati Chimanlal M. L.A., declared open the Udyog Mandir at Madhav Baug on Saturday. Mr. Jamnadas Dwarkadas unveiled the portraits of R. B. Vasanji Khimji and Babiben Moolji Dayal at the Mandir.

SIR HOMI MEHTA'S PORTRAIT UNVEILED

BOMBAY, Sunday:

City scouts paid their tributes to the memory of the late Sir Homi Mehta, when Sir Hormuzdiar Dastur, President of the Provincial Scout Council unveiled a portrait of that great industrialist and ex-provincial Scout Commissioner at Sir Chunilal Mehta Hut, Mahatma Gandhi Road, this morning.

Sir Hormuzdiar said that the late Sir Homi had left a mark on the scout organisation of the city which he had served ably during the last few years of his life. His genial manners and largeness of heart had made him extremely popular among the scouts.

Others also joined in the tributes.

A portrait of Commander K. B. Godrej, the present Provincial Scout Commissioner of Bombay, was also unveiled on the occasion.

RAMAKRISHNA MISSION

An Appeal

BELUR MATH, (By Mail).

Swami Madhavananda, General Secretary, Ramakrishna Mission, writes:—

Owing to the recent political changes in the country, ten centres of the Ramakrishna Mission have come under Eastern Pakistan, Dacca, Narayanganj, Faridpur, Mymensingh, Barisal, Dinajpur, Sylhet and Habiganj are some of them. The public is doubtless aware that for years these institutions had been serving the poor and helpless of those areas in diverse ways, irrespective of caste and creed. But the majority of those through whose help the Ashramas were being maintained, have left those places following the political changes, with the result that the centres are faced with dire financial difficulties. Some of them are in such a critical condition that, unless immediate help be forthcoming, most of their humanitarian activities will have to be closed down.

We do hope that through the grace of the Lord this state of things will shortly pass away. But till then the lamp must be kept burning.

We therefore earnestly appeal to the generous public to contribute liberally to extricate the Ashramas from their present plight. We implore all those who have a soft corner in their hearts for our brothers and sisters in those parts, to see that institutions that have variously served thousands of men and women for decades, do not perish for want of funds.

All contributions for this purpose will be gratefully accepted and acknowledged by. The General Secretary, Ramakrishna Mission, P. O. Belur Math, Dt. Howrah.

WEATHER

WIDESPREAD RAIN IN KONKAN

POONA, August 1, (A. P. I.): The following is the daily weather summary for Sunday, the 1st August 1948:—

Very few observations have been received except from the Peninsula and the central parts of the country. Rainfall has been widespread in Assam, sub-Himalayan Bengal and Bihar, and local in the east United Provinces, in and near the Punjab-Kumaon hills in the north Konkan and Mysore. A few showers have been reported from the rest of north-east India, the Central regions of the country, Gujarat, Rajputana and Sind.

FORECAST VALID UNTIL THE EVENING OF 2ND:—Rainfall will be widespread from the United Provinces to upper Assam and in Eastern Pakistan and south-east Madras. Weak monsoon conditions will continue over the rest of the country with local showers in the central parts, the Konkan and Mysore and scattered showers elsewhere.

HEAVY RAINFALL WARNING:—Locally heavy rain is likely along the Chittagong coast and along and near the foot of the Himalayas from the United Provinces to Assam during the next 30 hours.

WEATHER CHART

POONA, August 1, (A. P. I.): The following is the daily weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours from 1st June, 1948 departure from normal recorded at eight hours (I. S. T.), on 1st August, 1948:—

Ahmedabad 94 79 T 4.7 minus 11.9, Allahabad 91 79 0.1 26.6 plus 8.7, Bangalore 84 66 0.1 11.9 plus 4.9, Baroda 93 78 0.1 7.3 nil, Belagum 79 69 0 22.0 minus 3.6, BOMBAY 87 78 0.2 36.1 minus 8.7, Calcutta 91 82 0 23.9 minus 1.0, Colombo nil 73 0.7 13.8 plus 0.3, Cuttack 91 79 0.1 18.0 minus 5.2, Darjeeling 66 57 0.7 44.7, minus 13.4, Dehra Dun 88 73 0.5 26.1 minus 9.9, Delhi 91 78 0 7.6 minus 2.8, Hyderabad (Dn.) 89 73 0.1 9.5 minus 1.1, Karachi nil 76 0 3.8 minus 0.2, Lahore 97 84 0 12.7 plus 5.4, Lucknow 88 80 0 18.5 plus 1.7, Madras 93 75 0.7 4.7 minus 0.9, Mahabaleshwar 62 62 1.1 102.6 minus 49.4, Mussoorie 72 61 0.6 22.6 minus 14.6, Nagpur 90 74 0 17.3 minus 6.6, Ootacamund 65 53 0.5 12.6 minus 2.6, Pachmarhi 77 67 0.1 39.6 plus 3.4, Patna 87 79 0.1 12.9 minus 7.2, Poona 83 70 0.1 11.4 minus 0.2, Rajkot 95 79 T 2.5 minus 12.5, Shillong 68 64 2.6 47.4 plus 15.3, Sholapur 93 71 0 7.0 minus 1.7, Simla 69 59 0.4 16.8 minus 6.2, Srinagar 86 69 0 6.0 plus 2.2.

"SINK DIFFERENCES AND STRENGTHEN GOVT."

Aney's Call To People To Help Country To Tide Over Present Crisis

POONA, August 1 (APD): Mr. M. S. Aney, Governor of Bihar, speaking at a memorial meeting in Tilak Smarak Mandir, Poona, today to mark the 28th death anniversary of Lokmanya Tilak, appealed for greater unity amongst all classes of people and said they must thus help the country in tiding over the present difficult times.

Mr. Aney read out a message from the Governor-General Mr. Rajagopalachari, paying homage to the memory of Lokmanya Tilak.

Tilakites throughout the country, Mr. Aney said, would be elated today to observe his death anniversary after the fulfilment of Tilak's mission—the independence of India

The attainment of independence, Mr Aney continued, should awaken Indians to a sense of their new responsibilities. The first Government of free India has had to face huge massacres within and without its boundaries, on the very day the country became free. Subsequently, they were called upon to tackle the refugee problem, the "Kashmir embroglio" and the aftermath of the assassination of Mahatma Gandhi. If Indians realised the magnitude of the calamities that befell the nation in the first year of independence and understood the vastness of the tasks that lie ahead, their duty towards their State and the Government would be manifest to them. At this critical juncture all right-thinking Indians should set aside their differences, and join hands with the Government in strengthening the country.

HYDERABAD SITUATION

Mr. Aney in passing referred to the Hyderabad problem and said the situation was "very explosive". 'Should India be called upon to enter into any war," he said, "the youth of the land must come forward to swell the ranks of the Indian army." He drew attention to the existence of non-governmental semi-military organisations in the country and said that such organisations should disband themselves. "In a free country, there can be only one army, which will be the army of the State, and loyal to the State". Mr. Aney declared.

ERADICATE COMMUNALISM

Mr. Aney also stressed the need to eradicate the seeds of communalism. He said the recent unrest in Maharashtra following the assassination of Mahatma Gandhi should open the eyes of the leaders of Maharashtra. He suggested that leaders of all communities in Maharashtra should come together in a "spirit of forget and forgive" to devise ways and means for the reorientation of a sense of oneness among Maharashtrians. He warned that failure to follow this line of action would not only hamper the progress of Maharashtra but would also create obstacles in the well being of the country.

Mr. Gokhale, a former editor of the Kesari, who presided paid moving tributes to the memory of late Mr. N. C. Kelkar with which Mr. Aney freely associated himself. The meeting before breaking up observed a minute's silence as a mark of respect to Lokmanya.

Gandhi Memorial Fund

BOMBAY, Sunday.

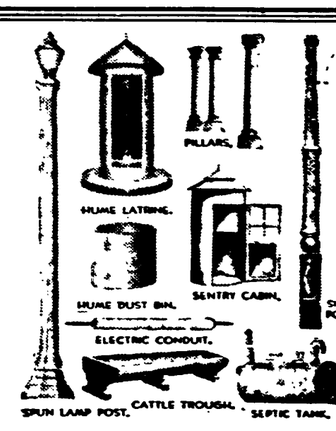
The total collection, in Bombay, for the Gandhi Memorial Fund, received as per the twenty-seven, lists, released for publication, so far, are Rs. 4,23,580-9-3, up to the end of 29th July, 1948.

YOU CAN
FLY TO INDORE
FROM
BOMBAY, GWALIOR, DELHI
Inquire:
AIR SERVICES OF INDIA, LTD.
(The Scindia Line)

BOMBAY: Scindia House, Ballard Estate. Tel. No. 21919, 25744, 86236.
INDORE: M s. Sanghi Brothers. Tel. No. 156.
GWALIOR: State Hotels, Ltd.—Tel. No. 2152.
DELHI: Regal Buildings, Connaught Circus. Tel. No. 8308.

Tele. "AIRTAXIES" all places except INDORE—"SANGHI".

Booking Agents for } AIR-INDIA INTERNATIONAL LTD
TRANS-WORLD AIRLINE (TWA)



USE
HUME PIPE
ARTICLES
Factories:
All over India and at Rangoon and Colombo

Write to:
THE INDIAN HUME PIPE CO., LTD.
H. O.—CONSTRUCTION HOUSE,
Ballard Estate, BOMBAY.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

DISPOSALS

Tenders, in prescribed forms, are invited for the purchase and removal of following stores lying at M s. Balmer Lawrie & Co., Ltd., Jackeria Bunder, Sewri, BOMBAY.

DESCRIPTION OF STORES.	QUANTITY.	CONDITION.	RESERVE PRICE.
Barrels +EMPTY 40;45 Gallons capacity-	515 Nos.	Serviceable & used.	Rs. 10|- each.

LAST DATE DUE:— 4 P.M. on 20,8,1948.
PUBLIC OPENING OF TENDERS:— 11 A.M. on 21-8-1948.
OFFERS TO BE KEPT OPEN UPTO:— 20 9,1948.

Sealed tenders in double covers both superscribed RCS,34458| MMH-II should be sent to Regional Commissioner (Disposals) Bombay. The tender Forms can be obtained from this office on payment of Rs. 5|- (not refundable) per set.

All tenders should be accompanied by a receipt for 10% of the total price offered, deposited as Revenue Deposit in favour of Regional Commissioner (Disposals) Bombay in Reserve Imperial Bank of India or Government Treasury. Drafts on other Banks, cheques and Cash will not be accepted.

Tenders should not be below the Reserve Price quoted above.

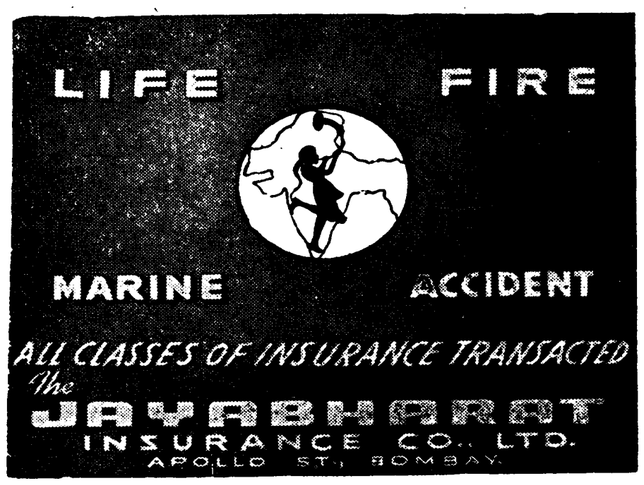
Permits to view the Stores can be had from this office.

All sales will be exsite subject to the availability of the stores and "General Condition of Con 117". No guarantee is given of the quality quantity or suitability of stores.

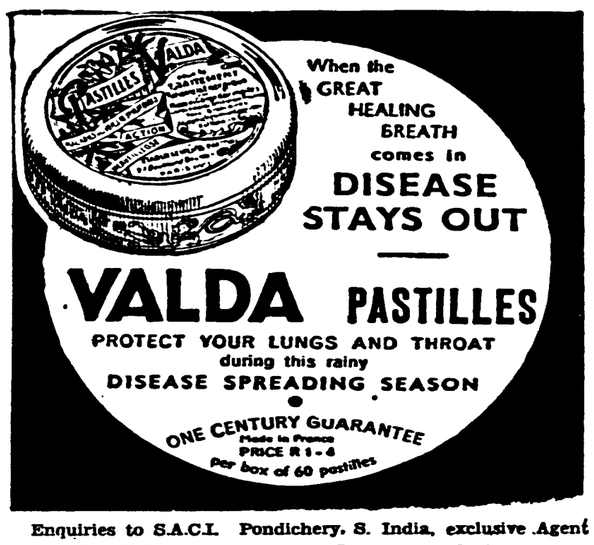
Issued by

REGIONAL COMMISSIONER (DISPOSALS)
Mercantile Chambers, Graham Road
Ballard Estate, BOMBAY.

Phone Number: 30041.



BRANCHES ALL OVER INDIA


VALDA
PASTILLES
When the GREAT HEALING BREATH comes in
DISEASE STAYS OUT
VALDA PASTILLES
PROTECT YOUR LUNGS AND THROAT during this rainy DISEASE SPREADING SEASON
ONE CENTURY GUARANTEE
PRICE R 1-4 per box of 60 pastilles

Enquiries to S.A.C.I. Pondichery. S. India, exclusive Agent for all India and Pakistan, Burma and Ceylon

The Bombay Chronicle

Fanaticism is the child of false zeal and superstition, the father of intolerannce and persecution.

—FLETCHER.

CONTROL AGAIN

Hard facts have at last compelled the Central Government to reimpose control on cloth throughout the country. The Government now not only admits that prices in many cases have "risen to fantastic heights" but has decided upon strict measures to keep them down. It has frozen the stocks in about 400 mills. These stocks will be released for sale with effect from October 31, with prices fixed thereon, the prices being as far as possible in accordance with the recommendations of the Tariff Board. Till that date the unstamped cloth with wholesalers and retailers will be permitted to be sold at reasonable prices. This is apparently a loophole in the scheme, but the stocks with the wholesalers are large enough to equal four months' normal consumption, and it will be unprofitable and risky for the wholesalers to hoard this cloth long so as to force up prices. Provincial Governments have power to confiscate these stocks, if they are long hoarded or if there are other malpractices. The prices of the unstamped stocks will tend to be lower if the public are in no haste to buy before October 31, after which date the stamped prices will be the lowest possible.

Details of distribution of stamped cloth are not yet full enough. But it is clear that a certain proportion of the cloth assigned to a province or State will be distributed through shops controlled by the Provincial or State Government and these shops will cater mainly to the needs of the lower income groups. The remaining cloth will be distributed through Consumers' Co-operative Societies or through the normal trade channels, and due care will be taken to see that the cloth is not sold outside the province or State concerned or at prices above the fixed ones. Government-controlled shops should be numerous enough to keep down prices. It is not easy to control private retail shops. However, having found it necessary to resume control, Government may be trusted to see that the control is effective.

The success of the new scheme obviously depends most on ample production. Left to themselves, most millowners would like to produce such qualities of cloth and such quantities as would fetch them maximum profit without regard to the quantity needed by the people. It is, therefore, necessary for Government to ensure maximum production, particularly of such qualities as are needed by the common people. But Government's communique on the new policy has little to say on the control of production except that it will set up machinery to prevent a fall in production and the manufacture of unsuitable or non-durable cloth. The use of superfine counts of yarn must be rigorously restricted. At present the limit is 80 counts and Dr. S. P. Mukherjee, Minister for Industries and Supplies, says that the limit may be reduced to 60 or 50 counts. The limit may well be reduced even to 40 counts. Government has already permitted three shifts in mills whereever possible. But some special inducements, if not pressure, would seem to be necessary to make the permission fully availed of. Finally, as cloth saved is cloth gained, the smuggling of cloth outside Indian provinces and acceding States must be prevented at all costs. It is certainly scandalous that, as pointed out by Dr. Mukherjee, out of the 60,000 bales sent to East Punjab only 10,000 were made available for consumption by the people. Such smuggling or hoarding is a vote of censure as much on the careless Government as on the unscrupulous profiteers. No policy of control can be successful unless Government is thoroughly vigilant in enforcing it in all its details.

Mediator At Delhi

Sir Mirza Ismail has, according to report, no credentials from the Nizam. Nevertheless, he is at Delhi attempting to secure a settlement of the Hyderabad tangle and he is acting on behalf of the Nizam—at any rate at his request. It is hardly likely that Sir Mirza would have ventured on this notoriously thankless job without something more than a mere request of the Nizam. He is a seasoned statesman, fully aware of the ways of Princes and with practical experience of the particular Prince concerned in the present business. Sir Mirza too is well aware of the strength of Indian feeling on the matter of Hyderabad. He cannot be ignorant of the fact that, in the words of Pandit Jawaharlal, the draft agreement had ceased to interest or concern the Union Government. Therefore, the main help he could render for the Nizam at Delhi would be to revive the agreement and persuade the Union Government to meet the Nizam's wishes to this extent. Such a mission would be consistent too with Sir Mirza's past record in Hyderabad where he left the Premiership because the Nizam would not see the wisdom of accession.

On the other hand, it is most improbable that Sir Mirza would trouble himself to talk to the Union leaders on the Nizam's behalf if he had not obtained the previous assurance of His Exalted Highness that he would complete the document without fuss. Mr. Churchill's wistful approval of the draft agreement in the Commons debate might be taken as the collapse of the last source of refuge and support for the Nizam's intransigence. Mr. Jinnah has already indicated that Pakistan cannot render any effective assistance to Hyderabad. His refusal to meet the Ittehad delegation which sought his help at Karachi was significant. In the circumstances, the Hyderabad resistance resolves itself into a direct struggle for which the State is ill-equipped. Therefore, it is wise policy for the Nizam to decide on accession before even that chance is lost totally.

Those who have been charging the Union Government with weakness, might gather heart from the stiffening of the Union attitude in every way. Conciliation has been tried and it has failed. The Government at Delhi is now attempting firmer methods, and with better success. The Nizam's suggestion that there should be an inquiry into the Nanaj incident has been turned down on the ground that no inquiry is required since the report of the two army men from the two sides fixes the responsibility squarely on the Razakars. Nor is there any intention of withdrawing the Indian troops which have been moved into that section. The time for leisurely discussion is long past. If anyone in India or Hyderabad felt that the Union Government was holding partnership in the Union to a Dutch auction, here is disillusionment. Whether the last chance of settlement exists still at Delhi depends less on Sir Mirza than on some proof of a definite change of heart in the Nizam. Without that, there can be only one way—and that is certainly not accession but absorption.

A Growing Menace

The cost of living of the working classes in Bombay, Sholapur and Jalgaon are said to have soared to all-time record levels in June. In Bombay the cost of living index rose from 292 in May to 307 in June; in Sholapur from 289 to 301 and in Jalgaon from 450 to 465, while the figure for Ahmedabad for June has not yet been released. The soaring figures in the last city are evidently due to its being a completely de-rationed centre. The rise at each centre was due to an all-round increase in the prices of food articles. The rise necessitates a higher dearness allowance or discontent among workers, which may express itself in strikes, which in its turn, by checking production, only aggravates inflation. The evil is now becoming intolerable. When the Central Pay Commission considered the question of dearness allowance in 1947 it noted the rise of the working class cost of living index for Bombay in 1946 from 230 in January to 251 in October but hoped early in 1947 that "price levels have by now reached their peak and that the cost of living index may in future progressively fall." The Commission accordingly indicated in its table of dearness allowances what should be done when the cost of living exceeded 260 but remained below 280. It expected that the figure would not rise above 280. But the figure has now shot up to 307 and threatens to rise higher. The danger can be averted only if extraordinary efforts are made to increase the production of food and cloth and both are strictly controlled so long as there is scarcity.

Detrimental To Workers

Mazdoor Sevak Sangh Condemns Token Strike

The following resolution was passed by the members of the Hindustan Mazdoor Sevak Sangh (Bombay Branch) at a meeting held on Saturday under the Presidentship of Mr. S. K. Patil.

"This meeting of the members of the Hindustan Mazdoor Sevak Sangh Bombay, has considered the situation arising out of the threatened strike of some Textile and non-Textile workers of Bombay Scheduled for 11th August next, and has examined it from the point of view of labour and the community as a whole bearing in mind its aspects of social justice and economic and other consequences.

The abolition of the six loom system was the subject matter of examination at the hands of the Industrial Court which declared that no case had been made out for its abolition. The Sangh is of the opinion that after this finding by a full bench of the highest Industrial Tribunal presided over by a Judge of the experience of Sir H. V. Divatia, it would be improper to force a decision of a trial of strength between employers and employees. The Court of Inquiry is a Tribunal of lower status and cannot be appointed after a decision by Higher Tribunal. The Sangh therefore advises the workers of the said two Mills to resume work without delay.

"ON ALL-INDIA BASIS"

As regards the non-textile workers the Sangh is of the view that their demand for linking up dearness with costs of living index has its full sympathy. This demand can be given effect to through the adjudication Tribunal as is being done already but for its wider application it should be done on all India basis.

This meeting is further of the opinion that in the present economic situation of the country the threatened strike and the consequential loss of production to the community are detrimental to the interest of the country and the workers would be ill-advised to act against the interest of the community merely in order to bring to the notice of the public by means of a token strike their grievance for which a strike is no remedy at all and when all remedial steps are being taken

The Sangh is further of the opinion that token strikes of this nature are against the healthy growth of a sound Trade Union Movement. Its effect on the workers is to treat the weapon of strike as one to be lightly handled and not as a matter of serious import.

The Sangh therefore advises its members to impress upon the industrial workers all over Bombay of the harmful effects of the strike both for themselves and to the community and to undertake propaganda in all Unions and other institutions wherever they are connected asking the workers to keep away from the strike and to continue to work as usual.

The Sangh requests the community to seriously consider the effect of such token strikes in the economic conditions of the country and its repercussions on the community when production is hampered on grounds which will not bear a close scrutiny and when other means of redress are open.

The Sangh is further of the opinion that the contemplated strike is a breach of the industrial truce on the part of the Socialist Party and Hind Mazdoor Panchayat and its affiliated Unions."

"SIX LOOM SYSTEM NOT UNPOPULAR"

Industrial Court's Award Discloses "No Case Has Been Made For Any Substantial Grievance"

The Director of Publicity, Government of Bombay writes:

As the menace of the token strike of textile workers in Bombay City arises out of the alleged grievances of the six-loom weavers of the Apollo and the India United (No. 5) Mills, the findings of the Industrial Court in its award of September 1947 on the dispute regarding six-loom working would be of use in assessing the true worth of the need or justification for the proposed stoppage.

It will be evident from a perusal of the award that the six-loom system has been prevailing in the two mills since 1934 and that no complaints regarding the working of the system had been made during the intervening period.

NO CASE FOR GRIEVANCE

With regard to the contention that the six-loom system involved greater strain and affected the workers' health adversely the award discloses that no case has been made for any substantial grievance and that the general conditions under which the work is being done are almost the same as they were in or about 1935, when the six-loom system was introduced, and "no complaints about additional strain or fatigue has been made till now."

Evidence before the Court also showed that the percentage of absenteeism amongst the six-loom workers was less than amongst four-loom workers and that the average monthly efficiency of the workers was more amongst the six-loom workers than amongst the four-loom workers.

It will be further seen from the award that a large number of very old workers were still at work on these looms and that there was no difficulty in obtaining Badlis for the absentees amongst six-loom workers.

The Court had however, found that there was some scope for improving working condition & had recommended the need for improvements in materials supplied to the workers and in the mixing. The Government of Bombay, in this connection, had addressed the Mills, enquiring whether steps to this effect had been taken. Replies from the mills indicated that improvements had been effected.

EXTRACTS FROM AWARD

The following are relevant extracts from the award of the Industrial Court.

"The documentary evidence led on behalf of the mills shows that there are 684 looms in the India United Mills No. 5 which are being worked on the six-loom system, at present 509 looms having the width of 50 inches and 175 looms of 58 inches. Exhibit 5 is a statement of warp breakages per loom per hour from 1935 to 1945. It shows that the number of breakages from 1942 to 1945 were less than in the previous years and varied between 1.06 and 3.11. The statement, Exhibit 13, shows that the percentage of absenteeism amongst six-loom workers is less than amongst fourloom workers Exhibit 14 shows that the average monthly efficiency of the workers from Ja-nuary to July 1947 was more amongst the six-loom workers than omongst four-loom workers being 73.38 in the former and 68.5 in the latter. The statement, Exhibit 15, shows that the average monthly percentage of badli workers between January and July 1947 is less in the six-loom working than in the four loom working. Exhibits 16 and 17 show that the efficiency in the third shift in six-loom working is not less than in the two day shifts. As regards the Apollo Mills the number of six looms is 896 and Exhibits 22 and 30 show that the efficiency percentage of absenteeism etc. are the same as they are in the six-loom working in the India United Mills Ltd. No. 5.

"Mr. Homi, Manager of the India United Mills Ltd., No. 5 has deposed that since 1935 they were using weft pirns of reduced size and that almost all the mills in Bombay are using pirns of the same size which these mills are using. He further says that he has never received a complaint from the workers about the weft pirns. According to him, the dutie of the six-loom workers consist in oiling the looms in the beginning and then filling the shuttle, starting the loom, attending to a few breakages and then occasionally going round the looms to see if the ends were broken. He says further that since 1935 the workers had never complained to him about the strain or the fatigue and they were working for seven hours at that time as they are doing now. Sizing as well as quality of the yarn has practically remained the same. The mills are using Peruvian Cotton, which has been found to be satisfactory. Mr. Ezra the weaving master of the Apollo Mills has also given evidence to the same effect about the Apollo Mills.

"NOT UNPOPULAR"

"It seems to us on this evidence that the workers have not made out a case for any substantial grievance in the working of the six-loom system The general conditions under which the work is being done are almost the same as they were in or about 1935 when the six-loom system was introduced, and no complaint about additional strain or fatigue has been made till now. It is also admitted by the witnesses examined on behalf of the workers that there was little difference in the breakages of warp between 1940 and at present and that the position about breakages in the weft pirns has also remained the same. The percentage of absenteeism at present is also almost the same as that in 1940. It is also admitted that smash hands are helping the weavers in removing the floats and joining ends of the threads if they break. The witnesses also admit that in spite of the defects which they are alleging now they have been working on the six-loom system without any complaint till now. It appears from a statement put in on behalf of the India United Mills that there are 134 weavers all of whom have been in the service of the mills since 1937 and some of whom have been there since even prior to 1934 with some breaks in service and are still working under the six-loom system. A statement showing a fairly large number of very old workers has been put in as regards the Apollo Mills. It is further stated by the Mill's witness that they did not find any difficulty in obtaining "badlis" for the absentees amongst the six loom workers and that shows that the working of the six loom system does not involve much strain and is not unpopular.

"For all these reasons it appears to us that employees have not made out a case for replacing the six-loom system by the four-loom system. It is true that these are the only two mills in Bombay which are working on six loom system and the other mills are working four-looms and two-looms But merely because these on the only two mills which work on six-loom system we do not think that a case has been made out that six-loom weaving involves much more strain than the four-loom system in these mills and we do not think that the six-loom system which is prevailing in these two mills for the last 13 years should be replaced by four-loom system. At the same time it is to be noted that the workers have no objection and they are prepared to work four-loom system even though their earnings on the four-loom system would be less than those of six-loom system. According to the mills the workers have been put up to abandon the six-loom weaving for ulterior rea-

Token Strike Will Be Breach Of Industrial Truce

I. N. T. U. C. CALL TO WORKERS TO FIGHT SOCIALIST-SPONSORED MOVE

BOMBAY, Sunday.—The Bombay Branch of the Indian National Trade Union Congress called upon all its affiliated unions and the workers of Bombay to launch a city wide campaign against the Socialist-sponsored token strike on August 11 and asked them to see that the threatened strike would not materialise.

This decision was taken this evening by the Bombay Branch of the I.N.T.U.C. at a special meeting held at the Congress House under the presidentship of Mr. Mohanlal Parikh, Vice-President of the Bombay Branch.

Addressing the meeting, Mr. S. K. Patil, President of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee, told the members of the I.N.T.U.C. that if they were loyal to the I.N.T.U.C., they should oppose tooth and nail the threatened strike and see that the strike fizzled out.

WARNING TO SOCIALISTS

Characterising the strike as a 'political stunt', Mr. Patil said that the Socialists were playing into the hands of the Communists and he warned that if they continued this policy they would be slowly absorbed into the Communist fold.

Sympathising with the demand of linking up dearness allowance with cost of living, the meeting resolved that that demand could be achieved through the Industrial Tribunal. "But if it has to be uniform, then it is a matter of the Central Government, which is already taking steps and whose steps must be awaited.

In the present economic situation, the resolution added, the strike would be against the interests of the country and the workers, particularly when there was no necessity of a token strike merely to bring the grievances to the notice of the public.

The resolution added that the token strike was harmful to the building up of a sound Trade Union movement, as "it creates an impression that strike is a matter lightly to be taken and not a weapon which must be seriously used."

BREACH OF TRUCE

The resolution warned the workers that they should also bear in mind that the consequent loss in production would have an adverse effect on the economic situation.

The resolution also pointed out that the threatened strike was a breach of the Industrial Truce on the part of the Socialist Party and the Hind Mazdoor Panchayat.

Referring to the strike in the Apollo and Manchester Mills the resolution said that after carefully examining the situation, they believed that it was not in the interest of the workers.

Mr. G. D. Ambekar moved the resolution which was supported by Mr. H. N. Trivedi. The resolution was passed.

Mr. Shantilal Shah also addressed the meeting.

The Joint-Board of the Representatives of the Rashtriya Mill Masdoor Sangh at its meeting this morning at the office of the Sangh opposed the token strike move by the Socialists. The meeting asked the members of the Sangh to carry propaganda against the threatened strike.

Referring to the Apollo and Manchester Mills' strike, the meeting called upon the workers to go back to work in their own interest.

Girni Kamgar Union Meeting Banned

BOMBAY, Sunday.—The Managing Committee meeting of the Bombay Girni Kamgar Union which was called this morning to discuss the impending token strike was banned by the police.

Special armed guards were stationed at the Union Office at Parel, with directives to arrest anybody who tried to enter the premises of the Union.

The scheduled meeting was summoned to discuss the annual accounts of the Union, to launch a membership campaign, to support the Apollo and Manchester Mills' strike and discuss the token strike sponsored by the Hind Mazdoor Panchayat.

FRANKLY SPEAKING

Make Amends

Dr. Rajendra Prasad's appeal to all Congressmen and members of legislatures throughout India to strive their utmost during the next two months to collect the alloted amounts in connection with the Gandhi National Memorial Fund suggests that the collections so far are not quite satisfactory. That is deplorable but that only demands speedy amends from every Indian who claims to be an admirer of Gandhiji or feels he owes a duty to his sacred memory. We fear that, while many people are willing, if not anxious, to contribute to the Fund, the collection committees are not well organised. Dr. Rajendra Prasad rightly expects that the collection work should be done by the Congress Organisation which covers the whole country. But non-Congressmen who may be helpful should be on the committees. This is particularly necessary because the Congress President himself admits that "Congress Committees and Congressmen have so far not taken the interest that can be legitimately expected from them". However, it is never too late to mend and Congressmen may yet make amends for their past neglect and collect the quotas for their respective provinces by October 2, which is Gandhiji's birthday and which is therefore made the deadline for the collection.

Indian Women's University

In his convocation address to the Indian Women's University on Saturday Sir Maharaj Singh justly emphasised the advantages of co-education but commended the Women's University as a desirable experiment, if only to relieve the drab uniformity which has been a feature of foreign rule in the past. The founders of the Women's University were not unaware of the many and great advantages of co-education. It might be urged that so long as the purdah spirit prevails in India there is room for separate high schools and colleges for women. But it has also to be remembered that purdah has the least vogue in Western India where actually the Women's University came into being. If the recognised universities had provided courses specially suited to women's aptitudes and normal work after the completion of their education, a separate University for them would probably not have come into existence. It was the growing popularity of the Indian Women's University that opened the eyes of many other universities to the need for providing such special courses for women. The success of the University in teaching all subjects in the mother tongue even in the colleges has also appreciably strengthened the movement for the vernacular media. It is not surprising, there, that the Bombay Government has, among other ways of helping the University, appointed a Committee to consider the question of its being placed on a statutory basis. We are happy to learn that the work of the Committee is completed and there is every likelihood of the University being a statutory body in the near future.

Bus Stops

Some of the members of the Bombay Municipal Corporation have given notice of motions suggesting provision of additional shelters at bus and tram stops in the city. Such shelters are badly needed not only at most of the terminals of the two services, but also at some of the intermediate stops and junctions where there is heavy traffic. The B.E.S.T. Committee should undertake a survey of the existing conditions and take steps to provide shelters wherever there is pressing need for them, so that the extreme inconvenience suffered at present by the waiting passengers may be removed partially at least. Since it is an unfortunate fact that the passenger public at most of the bus stops fail to queue in whenever there is no policeman on duty at the spot, and behave in a disorderly manner at the approach of buses, the physically stronger and more violent pushing aside the weaker ones and getting into the buses in disregard of all rules of priority the provision of railings at such stops will oblige the passengers to fall in a line and get into buses in order of priority. The B.E.S.T. Committee should take early steps to erect these railings at all stops where generally large numbers of waiting passengers are to be found.

Newfoundland

Since 1934, Newfousdland gave up her self-governing status and accepted a Commission Government with which dissatisfaction has always been acute. Several attempts have been made to have the constitutional position changed but something always deferred decision. In 1943, in the Canadian House of Commons, Mr. MacKenzie King promised sympathetic consideration if the Newfoundlanders desired to join the Canadian Federation. After five years, the possibility of Newfoundland becoming the tenth province of Canada is once again discussed and there is the chance that this will be accomplished in the near future. Newfoundland has wider business ties with Canada than with any other country and it is but natural that union should be affected. But there is another point that is of interest. Newfoundland as a Dominion could not evidently take the direct step of uniting with Canada in 1934 when her finances had robbed her of her independence. She had to take the tortuous path of commission rule before accomplishing this obvious development.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

In Japan, it is a custom to send little children to burial grounds and other secluded places, with the advice that they are Japanese and should be fearless: suicide or harakiri is very common there. That is why the Japanese were once so successful.

—Seth Ramakrishna Dalmia.

★ ★ ★

Protesting against Pandit Jawaharlal's calling the present Government of Hyderabad 'gangsters', Mir Laik Ali observes, I fail to understand the meaning of the word 'gangsters' in this application'

This is not the first time the poor chap has failed to understand what Delhi said. Will not Sir Walter Monckton again help him out?

★ ★ ★

"The present Government of Hyderabad", asserts the Mir Saheb, "are the servants of the people"

Hear, hear—and three cheers. But may we ask, which people?

If it is the people of Hyedrabad, then indeed the servant problem is very acute.

★ ★ ★

Hyderabad's Premier also "failed to understand" the logic of Jawaharlal's assertion that Hyderabad must either accede or cease to be

Verily, it is of such as these that it is writ: 'God hath deprived them of wisdom neither hath He imparted to them understanding.' Without benefit of the Constitutional Adviser, even we can tell the Mir Saheb in four words that the logic is—HYDERABAD CANNOT BE INDEPENDENT

Since Mir Laik Ali's Hyderabad is 'prepared to face any eventuality', may we ask him, please, to accept a certainty instead of getting hysterical over eventualities which may not—shall we say?—'event'?

★ ★ ★

Whilst speculation grows as to the purpose, progress and point of Sir Mirza Ismail's visit to Delhi, the Razakars continue to demonstrate furiously—and to hurt themselves.

Meanwhile, an enthusiastic colleague—he shall be nameless: let it suffice that he was on his way to Delhi—has intercepted a Delhi-Hyderabad message in code, unlike the letter to His Brittanic Majesty from the Nizam, which being interpreted reads:—

Whom wilt thou find to love ignoble thee, save Me, save only Me? All which I took from thee I did but take, not for thy harms, but just that thou might'st seek it in My arms, all which thy child's mistake fancies as lost, I have stored for thee at home: Rise, Clasp My hand, and come

★ ★ ★

Attempts to understand this message have failed and the meaning has so far eluded this office but there are several guesses—all doubtless wrong which are passed on, debunked.

(1) Our oldest colleague with his ripe knowledge of men and things thought it was an S.O.S. from the Nizam to Sir Mirza—arguing from the frantic "Same Me, Save only Me" But the rest rejected this, in spite of the capitals which suggest royalty, because the message was from, not to, Delhi.

(2) Our Junior Colleague is certain—oh, to be young again—that Mr. John Beaumont dropped a message from Churchill out of his searched bag, and it was on its way. Rejected, because Mr Attlee singled out Churchill only on Friday night; and hence "Save only Me" would be inappropriate at the time of the message It should have been "Save Me and the Tories"

(3) The Comrade round the corner, who drops in for the eventual tea, muttered something about the Fascist designs of the States Minister as revealed by the capital M which is used only by divinity or royalty. Rejected, for no reason. Anyway the staff feels greatly this uncomradely lapse into bourgeois class-consciousness.

(4) The Literary Editor mildly claims it is a verse but cannot insist because the message is not chopped up into parallel lines.

The matter is kept in abeyance, pending the return from leave of Him who knows all and says everything—twice. But general tentative agreement that it applies to Union-Hyderabad relations, struggling against a desire not to admit the Comrade is right again.

★ ★ ★

Clarification from E. C., now arrived in Delhi: "From Francis Thompson in "Hound of Heaven".

Which laconic message, says the Junior Colleague, is very apt and very satisfying: for should said Thompson, like Cotton, be up to any fancy tricks, we shall at least know the plane in which he is flying

The Open Air. . . .

This morning a burst of glorious bird song drew me to my window, and there I stood enthralled, watching an act of real bird opera. On the telegraph wire sat a demure little Magpie Robin, with glossy plumage of black and white and a bib of Puritan grey. Nearby sat a male, also black and white, but with a bib of jet black. His throat swelled as he put his whole soul into his song of love. But alas! Like a fury another male dashed at him and drove him from his perch and he retreated into a neighbouring Neem tree while his rival began his love song to the modest lady. The second suitor, however, was given little time to pay his court, for, in a moment, the first returned and with a flourish of wings, drove him away in his turn. And so the drama went on, while first one and then the other sang his song of love, until at last the female flew away out of sight, followed by the two rivals, and I was left wondering which of them would find favour in her sight to become her mate during the coming nesting season.

D. R.

Maharaja Of Gwalior's Magnificent Treble

Favourites Oblige On Opening Day Of Poona Races

(By Our Racing Correspondent)

POONA, Aug. 1.—The Poona racing season made a bright beginning today in ideal weather amidst a large gathering. The presence of Maharaja of Gwalior was made a pointer by many punters and very heavy betting took place on the Princely-owned candidates. Three of them, Magnolia, Maratha Mandir and Queen of Gwalior comfortably scored in their respective events.

Besides the Gwalior candidates several other favourites also obliged during the day. Close finishes missed the entire proceedings and winners were very easy to shout from a long way to the post.

Vagabond Queen passed the winning post twelve lengths behind winner Akash Deep but the runner-up who had her saddle slipped and lost the weight in the course of the race, was disqualified and placed fourth.

The heavily supported Chin Up made a very bad beginning and the stout way in which he placed fifth indicates that he will atone when next sent out.

Trainer Marrable saddled a popular double through the medium of Independence and Navroze.

The following are the results:

THE NERAL PLATE (Div. III)
Distance Five Furlongs.

SPRING CHICKEN (Maharaja of Kashmir) 8-12 Davis 1
POPPET (Mr. F. H. Mehta) 8-12, Kheemsingh 2
FULL POPPY (Maharani Chimnabai) 8-12, carr. 8-9, Uttamsingh.. 3
FLYING CLIPPER (Mr. J. D. Banatwalla) 8-12, carr. 8-5, Medhe G. 4

Not run: Hind Vijay and Masked Player.

Won by 2 1/4 l, 3½ l, 2½ l.
Time: 1m. 8s.
Tote: Rs. 22 for win, Rs. 13, Rs. 16 and Rs. 13 for places.
Winner trained by G. L. Shinde.
Favourite: Spring Chicken.
Betting: 1-1/4 Spring Chicken, 3/1 Poppet, 6/1 Full Poppy, 8/1 Time Bomb, 12/1 Jehangir, Flying Clipper, Singarh, 25/1 Shivneri, Red Spear, 30/1 Just Wait and Phone Again.

THE G. V. SHENDE PLATE (Div. II)
Distance—1 mile.

MANGOLIA (Maharaja Scindia of Gwalior) 8-0, Deshmukh .. 1
AJINKYA TARA II (Mr. R. T. Wandekar) 8-6, P. Khade 2
CHETNA (Mrs. Fatma M. Javeri) 8-2, Antoo Y. 3
VIKRAM ADITYA (Mr. Noshir M. Patel) 8-3, Purshottam 4

Not run: Mukti.
Won by: 8 l, 4½ l, 2½ l.
Time: 1 min. 51-1/5 secs.
Tote: Rs. 39 for win, Rs. 17, Rs. 18 and Rs. 31 for places.
Winner trained by Major V. M. Lad.
Favourite: Mangolia.
Betting: 3/1 Mangolia, 6/1 Whispering, Mail Fist, Sweetest Desire, Chetna, 8/1 Ajinkya Tara, 11 Lakshmi Devi, Vikram Aditya, Leo, 10/1 Royal Challenge, Missing Link, 12/1 Sugar Palm.

THE BHOPAL PLATE (Div. II)
Distance—Seven furlongs.

FREEWILL (Mr. Diamond) 8-8 carr 8-3, Jagdish 1
SHUBH LUXMI (M/s. Kolte and Bhilare) 8-10, carr. 8-5, Damodar 2
BRONZEWING (Kumar Chiman Singh) 8-2, carr. 7-11, Devne .. 3
NIZAMUDDIN (Mr. N. G. Peermahomed) 8-6, N. Dar 4

Not run: Sweet Maryla.
Won by 1-1/4 l, 2½ l, 3 l.
Time: 1 min. 36-3/5 secs.
Tote: Rs. 64 for win, Rs. 21, Rs. 21 and Rs. 78 for places.
Winner trained by W. Buckley.
Favourite: Damyanti.
Betting: 5-2/4 on Damyanti, 4/1 Shubh Luxmi, 6/1 Nizamuddin, 7/1 Show On, Freewill, 8/1 Bhisma, Bronzewing, Valiant Prince, 10/1 Hikmet, Fashion Parade.

THE NERAL PLATE (Div. II)
Distance Five Furlongs.

INDEPENDENCE (Mr. J. T. Lalvani) 8-12, carr. 8-7, Shaikh .. 1
ALMA (Mr. S. J. Bharucha) 8-12, carr. 8-7, Dashratsingh 2
MARLOW (Mr. A. H. Wadia) 8-12, carr. 8-7, Jagdish 3
CORDIAL (Mr. G. A. Jasdanwalla) 8-12, carr. 8-7, S. A. Kadar 4

Not run: Money Spinner.
Won by 4 l, hd., sh. hd.
Time: 1 min. 9 secs.
Tote: Rs. 25 for win, Rs. 14, Rs. 27 and Rs. 14 for places.
Winner trained by L. W. Marrable.
Favourite: Independence.
Betting: 2/1 Independence, 3/1 Marlow, 5/1 Hooded Terror, 7/1 Alma, 6/1 Cordial, 8/1 Gwalior Express, 10/1, Fair Deal, 12/1 Safder, Ganga Singh, Toto, Bentex, Rang Rao, 15/1 Battling Admiral.

THE NERAL PLATE (Div. I) five furlongs.

NAVROZE (Mr. Abid H. Doctor) 8-12 Davis 1
SUNLIGHT (M/s. Udhavdas and Dholandas) 8-12 carr. 8-9 Damodar 2
SHIRAZI (Mr. A. J. Moshi) 8-12 carr. 8-7 Sumersingh 3
BAVAJI (Mr. S. Bundali) 8-12 carr. 8-5 S. A. Kadar 4

All ran:
Won by: 2l, 3-1/2l, 1-1/2l.
Time: 1 min. 7-2/5. secs.
Tote: Rs. 30 for win, Rs. 16, Rs. 30, and Rs. 130 for places.
Winner trained by: L. W. Marrable.
Favourite: Navroze.
Betting: 2-1/2 Navroze, 4/1 Sunlight, Cocktop, 5/1 Aan Baan, 6/1 Moonglow, Prince Jehangir, 8/1 Lalkar, Crescent, 10/1 Cockpit Pride, 12/1 Wet Bob, 15/1 Bavaji, Shirazi.

THE BHOPAL PLATE (Div. I) seven furlongs.

MARATHA MANDIR (Scindia of Gwalior) 7-7 carr. 7-10 Kasbekar 1
RASHTRAPATI (Mr. T. A. Husein) 7-13 carr. 7-10 Sumersingh 2
D. DAY (Mr. Diamond) 7-13 carr. 7-10 Jagdish 3
SAITA (M/s. V. G. and G. M. Pittie) 8-9 Carr 8-7 Cunningham .. 4

Not run: Little Caesar.
Won by: 2-1/2l, nk., 2-1/2l.
Time: 1 min. 35-2/5 secs.
Tote: Rs. 52 for win, Rs. 24, Rs. 50 and Rs. 39 for places.
Winner trained by: Major V. M. Lad.
Favourite: Chin-up.
Betting: 2/1 Chin-up, 3/1 Laila, 5/1 Maratha Mandir, 6/1 Blue Mist, Carnival Queen, Baaz Bahadur, Rashtrapati, 8/1 Star Saphire, Merry Windsor, D. Day, 10/1 Saita and Embarkation.

THE G. V. SHENDE PLATE (Div. I) one mile.

QUEEN OF GWALIOR (Maharaja Scindia of Gwalior) 7-13 Kasbekar 1
BASHIR (Mr. N. G. Peermahomed) 8-4 N. Dar 2
TOISTAR (Mr. and Mrs. C. T. Lakhia) 9-4 Davis 3
BLUE LOTUS (Mr. B. A. Inglet) 8-12 carr. 8-9 Cunningham 4

Not run: Bold Choice.
Won by: 1-1/2l, 1-1/4l, 1-1/2l.
Time: 1 min. 49-2/5 secs.
Tote: Rs. 22 for win, Rs. 15, Rs. 21 and Rs. 31 for places.
Winner trained by: Major V. M. Lad.
Favourite: Queen of Gwalior.
Betting: 1-1/2 Queen of Gwalior, 3/1 Bold Bandit, 6-1 Toistar, Blue Lotus, Royal Blessings, Bashir 8/1 Kashmira, 10/1 Padmini Devi, 12/1 Majestic, Desert Hawk.

THE LONI PLATE: Distance six furlongs.

AKASH DEEP (Messrs. Gopaldas Udhavdas and Beharilal Dholandas) 8-8 carr 8-3 Damodar 1
VIE ON (Khan Saheb S. Rashid Ahmed and Mr. Sultan Mollobhoy) 8-12 Kheemsingh 2
PROSPERO (T. A. Husein) 8-9 carried 8-4 Sumer Singh 3
VAGABOND QUEEN who ran second was disqualified for failure to draw correct weight.

Not run: Nicotine Her Excellency Khushroo Amelia.
Won by: 12l, sh. hd. 1l.
Time: 1 min. 19-3/5 seconds.
Tote paid: Rs. 34 for win, Rs. 12, Rs. 12 and Rs. 14 for places.
Winner trained by: Mahomed Nafa.
Betting: 6/4 Vie On. 2/1 Akash Deep, 6/1 Vagabond Queen, Prospero, 7/1 Crescendo, 8/1 Brilliant Sunshine, Firefly, Daisy Tripper, longer odds rest.
Favourite: Vie On.

Daily Treble Pool paid Rs. 598/8 only on each of the 44 winning tickets.

OLYMPIC PROGRAMME:

Exciting Events On Card To-day

800 METRES RUN FOR MEN AND 100 METRES SWIM FOR WOMEN TO BE DECIDED

LONDON, August 1 (Reuter).—Eyes of more than 80,000 spectators gathered at Wembley Stadium on Britain's Bank Holiday, will turn to the two Great Olympic track events tomorrow—the 800 Metres and the 5,000 Metres. After his phenomenal performance on Friday in the 10,000 Metres no one expects the Czechoslovak Emil Zapotek to be beaten in the 5,000.

But he will face much tougher opposition and many think he was very unwise to overstrain himself yesterday by making a great effort in the 5,000 heats so soon after winning the 10,000 final.

The Czech will need every ounce of strength in his muscular frame to withstand the challenges of the Belgian Gaston Reiff; the Dutchman Willie Slijkhwis; the Swedes Myberg and Albertson and the Finns Koskela Makela and Perala.

WILL DILLARD WIN THE 200 ALSO

The afternoon events begin with the first round of the 200 Metres and the giant American Negro sprinter Harrison Dillard will attempt to repeat the feat of his coloured colleague Jesse Owens who won both the 100 Metres and the 200 Metres in the 1936 Olympics in Berlin.

But Barney Ewell will be out for revenge and Lloyd La Beach, the third man in the all coloured trio of champions in 100 Metres Final may do better over the extra distance.

The 800 Metres, always one of the best Olympiad races, may go to any one of about six men, but the coloured American Mal Whitfield with his easy stride is probably a slight favourite.

Frenchmen, however, are solid to a man that their lithe champion Marcel Hansenne will win.

One of other events to be decided during afternoon is Pole Vault in which American jumpers Morcom, Richards and Smith should take first three places as they have all bettered the Olympic record of 4.35 Metres established by their compatriot Earl Meadows in Berlin.

The Norwegian Kaas is probably their most dangerous opponent.

The Americans also feel they will get the Discus Gold Medal through either Burton Gordien or Frank, but the Italians have hopes of their man Tosi being victor.

The first Dutch gold medal seems certain to be won during the afternoon by the Dutch mother of two children Fanny Blankersoden in the 100 Metres. She is in a class by herself.

SWIMMING

Women swimmers will feature at the Empire Pool where the Final of the 100 Metres Freestyle will be the highlight of the day's events.

The 800 Metres Relay and the 400 Metres Freestyle Heats for Men are other attractive events in the Swimming programme.

FOOTBALL

Football in the evening will provide some attractive matches on London Suburban grounds. Sweden and Austria will probably pack the spacious Tottenham Hotspur ground in North London and an exciting even match is expected. The other matches are China versus Turkey, Korea versus Mexico and Italy versus the United States.

HOCKEY

Monday evening's programme also contains three good Hockey matches—Holland versus Denmark, Spain versus Argentine and Pakistan versus Belgium.

WRESTLING

Freestyle Wrestling Finals will draw large crowds to the Empress Hall, Earls Court, for day-long sessions. Earlier rounds have left many fine evenly matched exponents among finalists and the bouts should provide much excitement.

Competition in Fencing, Shooting, Water Polo and Modern Pentathlon will be advanced further stages.

10,000 METRES WALK POSTPONED TO TUESDAY

LONDON, August 1 (Reuter).—The Olympic 10,000 Metres Walk Qualifying Heats, due to start at the Empire Stadium, Wembley, on Monday, have been postponed to 9-30 a.m. (G.M.T.) on Tuesday.

RECORD ENTRIES FOR WOMEN'S EVENTS

LONDON, August 1 (Reuter).—Record entries in the Women's Olympics Long Jump and Putting The Shot—thirty for the jump, twenty for the shot—have made it necessary to hold the qualifying rounds for these events on Wednesday morning. Originally finals only had been scheduled for that day.

British Motor Cyclist Establishes New Record

TOLOUSE, August 1, (Reuter): R. Grahams, of Britain, riding an A. J. S. won the Comminges Motor Cycle Grand Prix at St. Gaudens near here today with the record average speed of 90.67 miles per hour.

Second over the 123-1/2 miles course was another British Rider Jock West also on an A. J. S. with the French rider Behra on a Moto Guzzi third.

Wellknown Trapeze Artist

ELDORADA SPRINGS (Colorado) August 1, (Reuter): Ivy Baldwin, famed Trapeze Artist Parachutist and Wire-Walker today celebrated his 82nd birthday by walking a 300-foot cable stretched across a mountain canyon.

SOUTH AMERICAN WATER POLO

Novel Exhibition

OLYMPIC POOL, August 1, (U.P.A.): South American water polo swimmers treated spectators at workouts today with an exhibition of water polo played under South American rules.

Two squads composed mainly of Argentine and Uruguayan swimmers showed their version of water polo for the first time in Olympic history. Swimming officials at the poolside expressed tremendous interest. Water Polo Olympic official E. J. Scott said the match looked much faster than those played under present rules.

There was no indication, however, that the the South Americans hoped to sell their version to the Olympic Committee at present or in the near future.

TURKEY FANCIED FOR FREESTYLE WRESTLING

LONDON, August 1 (UPA).—Experts marked Turkey as the hottest Freestyle Wrestling bet today as the original list of 117 competitors shrank to 54 after two days of Olympic blitz competition with 136 eliminating bouts.

Other favourites for Olympic Freestyle Wrestling honours were the United States, Switzerland, Sweden, Finland, Hungary, Australia, Iran, France and Italy.

Unofficial tabulations showed that five competitors are left in the flyweight with Finland's Lennart Viitala leading with two points, followed by M. Raissi of Iran, three points, and H. Balamir of Turkey, three points. Viitala, with no defeats after three bouts, is favourite for the title.

The bantamweight had seven competitors left with Gerald Leman, United States, leading with one point, followed by N. Akar of Turkey, two points, and Eriki Johansson of Finland, three points.

The featherweight had eight competitors left, with famous C. Bilge of Turkey, zero points, followed by Iver Sjohin of Sweden, one point, and A. Mueller of Switzerland, two points.

The lightweight had seven competitors left. C. Atik of Turkey was leading with zero points, followed by Gosta Fraendfors of Sweden, one point, and G. Nizzola of Italy, three points. Atik is strong favourite for the title.

The welterweight had five competitors left with another Turk, Y. Dogu, leading.

The middleweight had seven competitors left, with A. Candemir of Turkey and Glen Brand of the United States leading with one point each.

The light heavyweight had eight competitors left, with Stoeckli of Switzerland leading with zero points.

The heavyweight had seven competitors left with G. Bobis of Hungary and B. L. Antonsion of Sweden in top spots, with both one point.

Further eliminating will be done in another blitz session Monday morning, with the clash for medals taking place the same night.

UNOFFICIAL TEAM STANDINGS

LONDON, August 1 (UPA): The unofficial team standings in the 1948 Olympic Games at the end of 12 events were:

United States 104; France 38; Sweden 25; Hungary 14; Austria 13; Great Britain 12; Italy 11; Czechoslovakia 10; Denmark 7; Finland 7; Norway 7; Belgium 5; Ceylon 5; Switzerland 5; Yugoslavia 5; Netherlands 4; Panama 4; Mexico 3; Poland 3; and Canada 1.

There is no official team championship but the country which scores the greatest number of points on the basis of 10 for first place, 5 for second, 4 for third, 3 for fourth, 2 for fifth and one for sixth, is generally regarded as champion.

However, there are some events in which only the first four places are scored because no consolation rounds are held to determine fifth and sixth places.

SWEDEN'S BIG HOPE ARRIVE

RICHMOND, August 1 (UPA): World record holder Lennart Strand, Henry Eriksson and Gosta Bergkivst, Sweden's big hope for one-two-three placing in Wednesday's 1,500-meter event arrived here by air today.

The three Swedes loosened up on Richmond Park lawns immediately on arrival at the camp and said they were in great condition and confident of taking top places in the big race.

ATHLETES RECEIVED BY ARCHBISHOP

LONDON, August 1 (UPA).—More than 1,000 Olympic athletes from 59 nations, accompanied by the presidents of their national Olympic committees, were received today by James Cardinal Griffin, Archbishop of Westminster.

A reception was held at the Cardinal's resident which is adjacent to Westminster Cathedral.

Athletes and Ambassadors or Ministers from the nations represented at the Games filed by the head of the Roman Catholic church in Great Britain for an hour and a half. Smiling the whole time the Archbishop had a kind word for everyone.

Tea was served and followed afterwards by a service in the Cathedral.

Indian Swimming Team Badly Upset

"Inexcusable Distractions" Tell On Performances

LONDON, August 1, (Reuter): Mr. P. L. Ahia, India's Olympic Swimming Team Manager, complained here tonight that his team had been "badly upset" by changes of quarters, cramped accommodation, transport hitches and training difficulties.

He asserted that these "inexcusable distractions" had reflected in the Indian Olympic performances.

"Just before the Games opened", he said, "my team was bundled out of its quarters at Richmond, in South-west London, and moved to Pinner, almost ten miles away in North-west London. They had just been settling down nicely when they had to repack all their gear and move.

"Now at Pinner we are sleeping in some cases eight to a room. It is extremely uncomfortable.

"This is in itself bad enough. But these difficulties are not the only ones facing the Indian Swimmers.

"The transport drivers provided by the Olympics authorities to take us from our quarters to the sites of Olympic events and training places often lose their way. Sometimes we have arrived late for scheduled matches.

The effect of these random excursions around London on a keyed-up team of highly trained men is obvious"

Mr. Ahia asserted that the training facilities provided for the Indian Swimmers were "indescribably poor".

The average temperature of open air pools in London, he said, was between 65 and 68 degrees Fahrenheit. This, he added, was much less than that to which the Indians were accustomed.

"I appreciate", he said "that you cannot be blamed for the open air temperature. But on the other hand some alternative arrangements should have been made for adequate indoor training. Ahia said he realised that Britain had certain post-war difficulties but added the thing of which he complained could "easily have been avoided with a little foresight"

Olympic sources here, presented with Ahia's complaints and comments, admitted that many of the contestants were living in cramped billets. But, they added, "everything possible is being done to put things right".

Official Olympic quarters declined any comment on the Indian Manager's statement but said it was being "investigated"

India Confident Of Retaining Olympic Hockey Title

LONDON, August 1, (Reuter): India's team of cheerful, wonderfully fit Olympic Athletes was today taking full advantage of the Sunday lull in gruelling games.

One batch had scratched a cricket team together and was playing the local Northwood Cricket Club near their pinner billets.

Another group was in West End of London "seeing the sights" and a third was taking the sun and air in Windsor Great Park.

India's hopes are now chiefly centred on Hockey. They are quite sure they will retain their Olympic Title.

The Football Team put up an excellent performance last night against France and were unfortunate in being knocked out so early.

An Indian Olympic Official said today they were sorry the Football was not run on a League basis.

PAKISTAN HIGH COMMISSIONER VISITS ATHLETES

The Pakistanis were taking it easy at their action home. The High Commissioner for Pakistan Mr. Habib Rahimtoola, and Begum Rahimtoola visited the Team this morning and were presented with an autographed Hockey stick and ball. The High Commissioner inspected the food hall and living accommodation and chatted amiably with the men.

CEYLON'S HOPES

The Ceylon Team at Wembley have great hopes in their champion Duncan White who came such a gallant second in the finals yesterday of the 400 Metres Hurdles.

He is entered for the 200 and 400 Metres Flat Races and feels very confident Other Ceylonese hopes are centred on J. H. De Saram.

The boys from Ceylon are also looking forward to the Hop Step and Jump putting much faith in their star G.D. Peiris.

TODAY'S HIGHLIGHTS

Highlights of tomorrow's programme will be the day's last event—the 50,000 Metres. After his phenomenal performance on Friday, no one expects the Czech Emil Zapotek to be beaten.

Other athletic titles to be decided are: Pole Vault, Discus, 800 Metres and the 100 metres for Women. Tomorrow will also see the Wrestling Finals Springboard Diving Women's Finals and the Women's 100 Metres Free Style Swimming Finals.

INDIAN ATHLETES PLAY CRICKET

LONDON, August 1, (Reuter): Eleven of India's crack Olympic Athletes took the field today for one of the toughest assignments of their London visit—a cricket match against a local team.

The Indians, quartered at Pinner in North West London, were challenged to the cricket match by the nearby Northwood Hill Cricket Club. The visitors last week inflicted a neat eight to one football defeat on the same club. Evidently determined to repeat the performance they promptly accepted today's invitation.

Despite the short notice with which the match was arranged—the Indian Captain B. D. Chatterjee was only asked yesterday—news soon got round the suburban community that the Indians were coming.

When the visitors turned up today, brought from the team quarters by club members' cars they found the tiny pavilion and the surrounding suburban bungalows decked with flags and bunting. A cheer went up when they came on the field which the visitors waved cheery acknowledgement.

The Indians lost the toss which was a piece of food luck for the spectators who were soon being treated to a free exhibition of sprinting by E. L. R. Phillips the Madras 100 Metres sprint wizard.

Phillips gave the local batsmen a tough time with fast balls in rapid succession.

One by one the Northwood wickets fell as the Indians set out to prove that even though well away from Wembley Stadium's cheering crowds they could still turn out a fine team of sportsmen to whom the playing of the game was worth more than the result.

10,000 METRE RUN SCANDAL

Scandinavian Officials Allege Wrong Placings

OLYMPIC CENTRE, RICHMOND, August 1 (UPA).—Scandinavian track and field officials were complaining loudly today over what they called the "greatest scandal ever seen in an international competition," alleging that many runners were wrongly placed in Friday's 10,000-metre race.

Norwegian Track and Field Team Manager, Arne Nollen, said track officials became so mixed up with placards indicating the number of laps a runner still had to complete, that at least a dozen of runners ran one lap too few. Nollen said Norway's Jacob Kjersen, who was placed officially 18th, should have been eight or ninth but for the lapses of officials who failed to notice all the competitors who had been "lapped" in the course of more than 20 circuits.

Nollen said Kjersen realized the officials' mistake and completed the final lap, but others, including R. Everaert, Belgium, and Jacob Lataster, Holland, ran one lap short.

Nollen's greatest personal grievance was that the organizing officials had failed to reverse the placings of Norway's Martin Stokken—officially listed fifth—and Sweden's S. Dennolf—officially listed sixth—despite a protest by both Swedish and Norwegian officials.

Nollen said Dennolf himself first pointed out he had finished fifth behind Stokken. He said, "We protested immediately after the race to E. J. Holt, Director of the Field and Track Event Organizing Committee, and were told the decision would be corrected. On Saturday, we found the official list still unchanged and now we have been told a decision might not be taken until after the games."

The Indians dismissed Northwood Hill for 109 and then scored 120 for six to win by four wickets.

ST. XAVIER'S TABLE TENNIS TOURNEY

Ranvir Khatau Knocked Out On The First Day

BOMBAY Sunday.

The St. Xavier's College Open Tennis Tournament commenced this evening, when over a hundred matches were decided in Men's Singles. The first and second rounds of the second and third quarter were down for decision, and two of our promising youngsters had their fates sealed on the very first day. Ranvir Khatau and A. I. Jacob went down to R. N. Muthuswamy and J. Nazareth respectively.

Muthuswamy won the first game over the extra points but after losing the next game made no mistake about the third and last one, in which he left Khatau at 14 points.

Jacob however had to accept defeat at the hands of his opponent in two straight games.

The following is the programme for tomorrow which commences at 8 p.m.

1st and 2nd. rounds of the fourth Quarter of the Men's Singles followed by the 1st. and 2nd. rounds of the first quarter of the Men's Singles.

S. I. RLY. ENTER MADRAS HOCKEY SEMIFINALS

MADRAS, August 1, (A.P.I.): The South Indian Railway Club from Trichy entered the semi-final of The M.C.C. Hockey Tournament today when they eliminated M.Y.V.O.P. Club Bangalare by two goals to nil in the quarter-finals

THE GERMAN DERBY

HAMBURG, August 1, (Reuter): Birkhan, a colt who has been carrying all before him in races in the Russian Zone, won the first German Derby to be run since the War when he beat Angeber by one length here today, with Salvator third of 11 runners.

The race, over one and a half miles was worth 25,000 Marks (About £2,000).

Birkhan own in two minutes 32 seconds before a crowd of over 60,000, and started favourite.

Special permission had been obtained from the Russian authorities for him and those attending him to come to Hamburg for the race.

TATAS LOSE EXHIBITION MATCH

Selected Bombay XI Win By Solitary Goal

BOMBAY, Sunday.

BOMBAY XI	1
TATAS	0

A single goal by Thomas late in the second half when he headed in a flag kick from Peter enabled the selected Bombay XI to prevail over the Tatas in an exhibition game this evening at the Cooperage.

The Bombay side had by far the better of the exchanges. Thomas and Peter on the left flank putting in many fine runs between them. The Tata defence, however, somewhat clumsy this evening, succeeded in stumbling over the ball at the vital moments and depriving the Bombay forwards of their chances of scoring. D'Costa between the bars of the losers did a fine job during the hour saving many shots from positions in the field and was quite an adequate substitute for Thingalaya who was functioning under the opponents' bar.

Today the weakness of the Tatas lay more in their intermediate line than in the front line. Diago Fernandes entrusted with the difficult task of filling the pivotal role found himself all at sea against an organised and well-directed attack. Nor was his task rendered any the easier by his flankmen, who were somewhat easily beaten.

For the winners, Krishnan in the centre-half position was not quite his usual self and does not appear to have recovered completely from the toe injury he sustained a few days ago. He played in boots through the match.

The teams:

BOMBAY XI—Thingalaya; Manuel and Rathnam; Gellard, Krishnan and Govind; Santiago, Almeida, Duncan, Thomas and Peter.

TATAS—D'Costa; Mandon and Shetty; Diago Fernandes and Kanchan; Laxman, Balan, Menezes, Balan Jr. and K. H. Rao.

SUBURBAN BADMINTON FINALS

Fixtures for Monday 2nd August 1948.

MIXED DOUBLES QUARTER

At Bandra Gymkhana:—6-10 p.m. G. P. Shirke and Miss S. K. Nigudkar, M. Miranda and Mrs. H. Hoosein vs. T. Fernandes and Mrs. P. Athaide, M. S. Patil and Miss K. Shirodkar.

6-30 p.m. S. Dinker Rao and Miss S. Moloobhai, G. Kroon and Miss S. Fazal vs. M. K. Bopardikar and Mrs. Pradhan, P. D. Raut and Miss S. Varde.

6-50 p.m. H. K. Talyarkhan and Mrs. R. Gazdar, D. Kumle and Miss S. Saldanha vs. C. B. Kalappa and Miss B. Marshall, Mr. and Mrs. G. L. Lewis.

7-15 p.m. K. M. Rangnekar and Miss M. Mehta, S. S. Nerurkar and Miss H. N. Dubash vs. D. Katra and Miss Z. Husein, H. Ferreira and Miss B. Farias.

MEN'S DOUBLES

7-45 p.m. K. K. Sachdeva and S. S. Suri vs. D. G. Mugwe and G. D. Patwardhan.

R

BABU MATHURAPRASAD and SHRIKRISHNA DWARKAPRASAD were convicted for attempting to transport cloth. The former was sentenced to three months' rigorous imprisonment and the latter to two months' simple imprisonment. Two other persons—ABDUL GAFAR HAJI SHARIF and CHELARAM SHAMDAS—were also convicted for similar offences and each sentenced to one day's simple imprisonment and fines of Rs. 1,000 and Rs. 300 respectively.

MOHMED UMAR was convicted for unlawfully obtaining rationed cloth and sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 1,000 or four months rigorous imprisonment in default.

Whiteaways

SPECIAL CLEARANCE SALE
IN THE STATIONERY DEPARTMENT

	USUALLY	SALE PRICE
LEATHER WRITING CASES	Rs. 36 8	25/8
GENTS DRESSING CASES	Rs. 206 8	165/-
LEATHER POCKET WALLETS	Rs. 4 15	2/8
BOOKS, NOVELS, ETC.	HALF USUAL PRICES.	
TABLE MAT SETS	Rs. 15/-	7/8
ONE-UP CIGARETTE CASES	Rs. 1/8	1/-
TELEPHONE MESSAGE BOOKS	Rs. 8 8	4/8
PLASTIC TOBACCO POUCHES	Rs. 1/12	-/14
WRITING PADS 7 x 4-1/2	Rs. 0/12	-/8
LEATHER CIGARETTE CASES	Rs. 3 15	2/15

IMITATION JEWELLERY AT LESS THAN HALF PRICE

UNFRAMED PICTURES	Rs. 3/8	1/4
PLASTIC CIGARETTE BOXES	Rs. 23/8	15/-
ELITON STATIONERY PAPER & ENVELOPES	Rs. 2 10	1/15

LADIES LEATHER HANDBAGS

ATTRACTIVE ENGLISH MADE BAGS IN ASSORTED LEATHERS.

USUAL PRICES 59/8 65/- 75/- 95/- 125/-
SALE PRICES 45/8, 52/8, 62/8, 75/-, 99/8

WHITEAWAY LAIDLAW & CO., LTD.
BOMBAY.

PRINTING PRESSES

Available for immediate delivery

Miehles, high speed, flat-bed and verticals; Kellys, Babcocks; Linotypes and Universals, Chandler and Price Jobber Presses. Cutters, Perforators, Stitchers, and Folders. Compare our quotations. Save up to 25%. All Presses are thoroughly rebuilt—reconditioned and guaranteed and will stand up under most rigid inspection certification." "Our reference: Dun & Bradstreet through any New York Bank."

Address

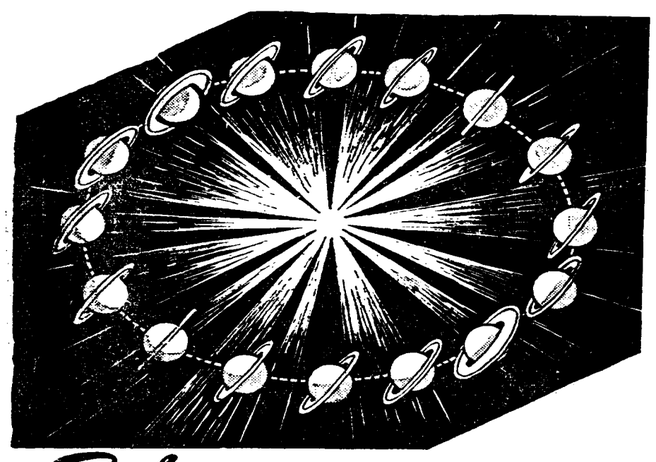
PRINTING PRESS DIVISION,
82, BEAVER STREET, NEW YORK 5, U.S.A.
Cable Address: ADLERICA

FOR THE PROTECTION OF PURCHASERS....

Asbestos Cement Ltd. announce their current list prices of "Everest" and "Crownit" Asbestos Cement Roofing Sheets. These are nett to users and subject to a Discount of 5% to bona fide contractors. Purchasers are requested to report to the Company any attempt to charge more.

PRICE PER SQ. FT.	"EVEREST"		"CROWNIT"	
Prices exclude Sales Tax, and delivered prices exclude Octroi and any charges at destination. Breakage at customers' risk. Prices subject to alteration without notice.	Nominal 9/32" Thick		Nominal 1/4" Thick	
	"TRAFFORD SHEETS" OR "BIGSIX" CORRUGATED SHEETS		"SUPERTHIRTEEN" SHEETS OR CORRUGATED SHEETS	
	Not less Than 11 Tons	Under 11 Tons	Not less Than 11 Tons	Under 11 Tons
EX WORKS IN CUSTOMERS' VEHICLES	As. P. 5 4	As. P. 5 11	As. P. 4 11	As. P. 5 5
DELIVERED ANY RAILWAY STATION IN BOMBAY PRESIDENCY	5 7	6 3	5 2	5 9

ASBESTOS CEMENT LTD
MULUND NEAR BOMBAY



Saturn-THE KING OF PLANETS

The old myths of India describe the baneful effects of the influence of Planet Saturn in elaborate languages. This planet did not even spare Ganesh the favourite son of Parvati, the mother of Universe. The modern astrologers are struck with wonder finding the multiheaded dazzling appearance of Saturn through the mammoth telescope of observatory, Exile from home, trouble of wife and children, loss of money, business and friends, etc., are the general results of the evil influences of Saturn. Period of influences remains from 10 to 19 years. Shanti sastayana and other Tantrik rites if performed accurately are bound to bear good results. If you find your time bad and akin or otherwise purturbed by any evil star, you must not lose time. Consult.

RAJ—JYOTISHI
Pandit Harish Ch. Shastri
Jyotistirtha, Tantrikacharyya.
Examiner, Govt. Board of Astrological studies.

With his vast scholarship in the Eastern and Western astronomy, astrology and Super-Natural powers he can foretell correctly your past, present and future, reading your palm or the horoscope he can also advise you to avert dangers by Shanti Sastyana according to Tantric rites and by his all power Talismans.

SHANTI KAVACHA
For peace of mind, happiness in family, and for increasing mental and physical power. Ordinary Rs. 5/-, Special (Quick action) Rs. 20/- only.

BAGALA KAVACHA.
For overcoming enemies and for winning complicated law-suits, for getting promotion in service and secure command over all. Ordinary Rs. 12/-, Special (Quick action) Rs. 45/- only.

NRISINHA KAVACHA
For curing barrenness in women, defects of still-born child and menstrual disorders etc. Ordinary Rs. 10/-, Special (Quick action) Rs. 29/- only.

AKARSHANI KAVACHA
It creates permanent friendship with any friend or foe. It bears extraordinary powers. Ordinary Rs. 12/-, Special (Quick action) Rs. 50/- only.

Time is tiring. Don't forget to consult him either personally or by post.
HOUSE OF ASTROLOGY:—141/1C, RUSSA ROAD, CALCUTTA—26.
JUST EAST OF HAZRA PARK. PHONE: SOUTH 978.

Renewed Hopes Of Four-Power Talks

RUSSIA EVOLVES PLAN TO FORM BASIS OF DISCUSSION

Top-Most Leaders To Take Part: Battle Of Rival Police Forces Begins In Berlin

LONDON, August 1. (U.P.I.): Hopes of renewed Four-Power talks on Germany and many other issues of differences between the Western Powers and the Soviet are expressed in political circles here following the meeting of the diplomatic representatives of the three Western Powers with the Soviet Foreign Minister, M. Molotov, last night.

According to many, these talks may also be held at the topmost level between M. Stalin, Mr. Truman, Mr. Attlee and M. Marie as it is pointed out that such talks between the "Big Four" would be less subject to suspicion and fear which characterised the Foreign Ministers' Council.

The hopes appear to be based mainly on the belief that Russia will not at the moment be inclined to be in direct conflict with the Western Powers, which would be inevitable if the present discussions fail. No immediate announcement is, however, expected as the discussions are likely to last for several days.

It is thought that if it is agreed to have a "Four-Power Conference, the preparation of the agenda, procedure and other preliminaries of the Conference will take some time.

Meanwhile it is reported that Russia has a plan ready which would form the basis of the proposed Four-Power discussions. It includes among other things Russian participation in the administration of Ruhr and control of German imports and exports. The Berlin blockade, it is stated, comes much later as according to the Soviet it is considered to be dependent on the solution of the other questions.

BERLINERS IN QUANDRY

BERLIN, Aug. 1. (Reuter): Berliners today faced the prospect of arrest if they obeyed orders of their own uniformed police.

Latest order in the battle of the city's rival police forces, issued by a Deputy of Colonel Paul Markgraf, Soviet-sponsored chief, read: "All possible steps, including arrest, will be taken to ensure that no person obeys any instruction that may be given by Stumm. Anyone who obeys Stumm will find himself before a Law Court."

Dr. Johannes Stumm, former Deputy to Colonel Markgraf, was appointed Police Chief by the German City Administration last week; tomorrow he will open his own headquarters in the American sector.

Earlier today, Dr. Stumm countermanded an order by Colonel Markgraf last night warning Berliners against using the new headquarters and declaring that all certificates and licences issued there would be invalid.

This afternoon rank and file police constable had to choose between contradictory instructions issued for the police swimming championships being held at the Berlin Olympic Stadium.

As Colonel Markgraf is now recognised by the Russians and Dr. Stumm by the Western Allies Berliners tomorrow are expected to regulate their behaviour according to the sector they live in.

Those in the East will continue to use the old headquarters in the Soviet sector, and those in the west will go to the new building.

BERLIN WOMEN'S TRIBUTE TO U. S. PILOTS

BERLIN, Aug. 1, (Reuter): Several thousand Berliners from the three Western Sectors attended a memorial demonstration at Schoeneberg in the American sector today in honour of the two United States airforce pilots killed last weekend when their Dakota croshed in flames while bringing in supplies for Western Berlin

The demonstration was attended by Mrs. Clay wife of American military Governor General Lucius D. Clay, and by Frau Louise Schroeder acting Lord Mayor of Berlin.

Vienna Watches Berlin

VIENNA, August 1. (U.P.I.): The Viennese are watching the new "Battle for Berlin" with growing anxiety. They fear that the "Vienna Squeeze" will begin shortly.

Two top-ranking Austrian Communists who returned from Moscow last week end brought back the news that the day for the "Vienna Coup" had already been fixed by the Kremlin.

October 1 and October 15 are given as "Der Tag".

BIG NEWS MAY BREAK ANY MOMENT.

MOSCOW, August 1, (Reuter): Big news was expected at any moment in Moscow tonight after last night's interviews with Soviet Foreign Minister Molotov, at which envoys of the three western powers were believed to have asked for a meeting with Marshal Joseph Stalin to thrash out the dispute over Germany.

In an atmosphere of tense expectancy the movements of the Allied diplomats was being closely watched.

This morning General Walter Bedell Smith, United States Ambassador, entertained the British and French envoys to a meal at his home.

Empire Parliamentary Conference

LONDON, August 1. (Reuter): The first post-war Parliamentary Conference of the Commonwealth countries, which Prime Minister, Clement Attlee, announced earlier this year would take place in the autumn, is likely to be the largest gathering of its kind ever to meet in London.

Eighty-seven members from the 37 branches of the Empire Parliamentary Association in overseas Parliaments and Legislatures have been invited to take part.

Subjects to be discussed include foreign affairs, economic co-operation, defence, migration and the future of Parliamentary Government.

The delegates, soon after their arrival, will pay short visits to the Continent to see problems of Germany and other countries, and afterwards will visit Scotland, Northern Ireland, Wales and major English cities.

In London they will be received and entertained by the King and Queen, the Lord Chancellor, the Speaker of the House of Commons and the Corporation of the City of London.

It is expected that a Cabinet Minister from each of the Dominions of India and Pakistan will attend. It is hoped the Indian Prime Minister, Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru, will be able to come to London for the Conference.

Jawahar Walks Out Of Refugee Meeting

(Continued from Page 1.)

to go to the Matsya Union and some of them suggested that they should be rehabilitated in the Western Districts of the United Provinces. After necessary enquiries made by the Minister for Relief and Rehabilitation, it has been found that there is hardly any scope for the rehabilitation of refugees in these districts Government of India are exploring other possibilities for this purpose. They recently convened a conference of the Premiers of all Provinces and States for finding out a solution of this and other vexed problems of rehabilitation. Schemes are being prepared, but they will naturally take some time before they are finalised.

The Government are fully aware, it is stated, that the patience of refugees has been fully taxed, but it is hoped that in view of gigantic nature of the task, they will put up with these hardships a little more.

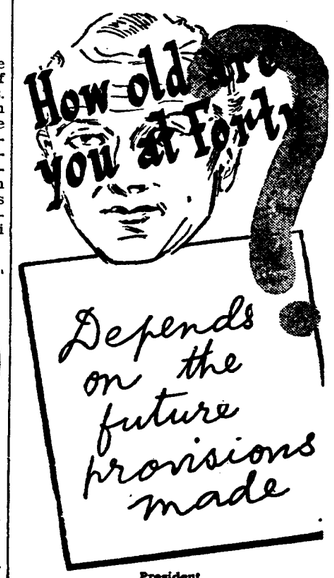
LOANS POLICY ATTACKED

A resolution criticising the new scheme of the Relief and Rehabilitation Department of the Government of India to give loans to the refugees only on co-operative basis and not to individuals, was unanimously passed in the morning session of the Peace Conference convened by the Central Prusharthi Beopar Mandal today.

The resolution added that if at all cialistic experiment", it should postthe Government had to try this "Sopone it for some other occasion and not make "the misery-stricken refugees the scape-goat for it.".

RATION ACCOMMODATION

Resolutions demanding immediate rationing of accommodation in Delhi for providing shelter to the homeless refugees "lying in camps and on pavements" and permission for the continuance of the occupation by the refugees of the present abodes and business houses and the speedy resettlement of the refugees, were also passed at the two-day session of the peace conference organised by the Central Pursharthi Beopar Mandal, Delhi, a refugee organisation.



President
LALA LAKSHMIPAT SINGHANIA
NATIONAL INSURANCE CO. LTD.
7 Council House Street, Calcutta.
of J. K. Industries Group

INDIA IS A SECULAR STATE

Gadgil's Plain Hint To Those Who Are Against Fundamental Basis

ALIGARH, July 31 (API).—Mr. N. V. Gadgil, Minister for Works, Mines and Power, addressing students of the Training College of the Aligarh Muslim University, said that India was a Secular State founded on the unconditional and absolute loyalty of its citizens.

"The people who believe in a State founded on religion have left this country," said Mr. Gadgil. "A new State has come into existence in India. So far as we are concerned, our position has been clearly stated by the Prime Minister in his recent speech. We have no desire for reunion with Pakistan, we desire that we should be left alone to tackle our own problems which are already innumerable. Ours is a secular State.

"If anybody is dissatisfied, or is not prepared to accept the fundamental principles of the State, he is welcome to divest himself of the citizenship and go out. It is far better and more honourable for a man to leave the country than to remain and indulge in activities which affect the very faith and foundations of the State. India is known for its tolerance, and if there is any country which is eminently fitted for democracy it is India.

"However, the greatest safeguard for democracy is an intelligent and enlightened electorate. Mere literacy is not enough: but a fair amount of education, wide acquaintance with the problems of the country, a power to judges issues in their broad outlines, capacity to choose the right leaders to run the Government are matters of more importance than anything else. For this an intense drive for education in all its aspects is necessary. Although India has obtained freedom, other problems such as ignorance, poverty, and squalor are there. They have got to be fought, and India cannot succeed in that unless the population is enlightened.

"In this great task of building a new India, a new society, nobody will have too much to dominate over others, none too little to feel a sense of frustration. There is no community in this country except one, viz., Indian. The only religion is equality and humanity. No ideal except to serve this country and nothing more honourable than honest effort and endeavour."

Mr. Gadgil visited the several colleges in the University and in the evening was entertained by the Vice-Chancellor and members of the staff.

In the afternoon, Mr. Gadgil inaugurated the annual conference of Press Workers.

"Six Loom System Not Unpopular"

(Continued From Page 4.)

sons. Whatever that may be we do not think that the six-loom system should be abolished especially as we are not satisfied that the absenteeism has increased amongst the six-loom weavers more than amongst the four-loom weavers or that the efficiency of six-loom weavers has been less than that of four-loom weavers in spite of the alleged strain and fatigue. We find that even if the workers who are at present working on six-loom system remain absent there are other workers who are prepared to work six-loom system as badlis.

SCOPE FOR IMPROVEMENT

"We think, however, that there is some scope for improving the working conditions under the six-loom system It is urged on behalf of the employees that the yarn which is being used at present is of a poorer quality than before because it is made from Peruvian cotton which it has been suggested, has been rejected by a number of other mills in Bombay. There is also some evidence to show that the starch and the sizing materials used at present are of a poorer quality. We, therefore, recommend that the management of the two mills should see as far as possible that a better kind of cotton than Peruvian cotton should be used for mixing that the quality of the sizing materials should be improved and that due care should be taken to keep the working conditions of the six looms weavers as favourable as they were before the war."

AUSTRALIAN WHEAT FOR MADRAS

MADRAS, Aug. 1 (API).—The s.s. "Quebimba", with a consignment of wheat from Australia, arrived at Madras harbour on July 29. It will discharge 6,444 tons, of which Madras will get 5,944 tons and Mysore 500 tons.

The s.s. "Mulbera" with about 757 tons of Semolina for Madras Province, also arrived at Madras harbour from Australia on July 29.

Stop Press

RETURN OF ARAB REFUGEES

TEL AVIV, Aug. 1 (Reuter): Mr. Moshe Shertok, Foreign Minister of the Provisional Government of Israel, enlisting reasons why Palestine Arab refugees should not be returned to their homes at the present time, today said the return of large numbers of Arabs to strategical centres like Jaffa and Haifa would be impossible, with the Arab States threatening the resumption of hostilities. Israel would discuss this question when the Arab States were ready to conclude a peace treaty, he added.

STALIN TO RECEIVE WESTERN ENVOYS

MOSCOW, August 1 (Reuter): Marshal Stalin is expected to receive diplomatic representatives of Britain, France and the United States at a joint meeting in the Kremlin very shortly. The meeting may take place in the next 24 hours and possibly even tonight, according to opinion in some well-informed foreign circles here.

DEMILITARISATION OF HOLY CITY

Arabs And Jews Accept Plan In Principle

RHODES, August 1 (UPA): Count Folke Bernadotte interprets the Arab and Jewish answers to the proposed demilitarization of Jerusalem as meaning that both sides would accept the idea in priniple although both reserve the right that the agreement would not prejudice their claims for a permanent political settlement for the Holy City.

It appeared that Bernadotte will have a difficult job reconciling the Arab and Jewish viewpoints as each wants demilitarization on their own terms.

Meanwhile, Bernadotte left on a 15-day junket to the Jewish and Middle East capitals after which he will take a short vacation in Sweden.

U. N. OBSERVERS ALERTED

LONDON, August 1 (Reuter) Naval and air patrols along the coast of Palestine and all United Nations observers have been alerted to watch for two landing craft loaded with arms for the Jews reported to be approaching the country, a United Nations spokesman said in Amman tonight.

The craft were reported to have sailed from Italy and an approach had been made to the Italian Government, the spokesman said

Count Folke Bernadotte, United Nations Mediator, arrived in Amman today for talks with King Abdullah of Transjordan on his plans for demilitarising Jerusalem. He will leave tomorrow for Jerusalem and Alexandria and will later visit Tel Aviv.

Count Bernadotte told pressmen in Amman later tonight that the Arabs and Jews had accepted "in principle" the demilitarisation of Jerusalem.

It would be impossible to demilitarise the city without an International Police Force and it would take at least two months for the United Nations to organise and dispatch such a force, he said.

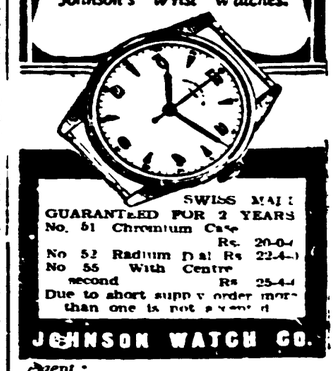
However there was a possibility that some member nations might be prevailed upon to send a force which might be organised within a few weeks, he added.

It was announced in Tel Aviv today that the first Jewish convoy to Jerusalem since the truce began on July 18 passed along the main highway into the city without incident.

JOURNALIST DIES OF HEART FAILURE AT HYDERABAD

HYDERABAD (Dn.), August 1, (A. P. I.). Mr. A. K. Rama Rao of the Associated Press of India Bureau here died suddenly of a heart attack at his Hyderabad residence this afternoon. Rao was 35 years old and leaves behind his widow and child

"BEST FRIEND"
Johnson's Wrist Watches.



SWISS MADE
GUARANTEED FOR 2 YEARS
No. 51 Chromium Case Rs. 20-0-0
No 52 Radium Dial Rs 22-4-0
No 55 With Centre second Rs 25-4-0
Due to short supply order more than one is not accepted
JOHNSON WATCH CO.
Agent:
THE INDIAN UNION TRADERS
137, COTTON STREET,
CALCUTTA.7.

EXTRACTS OF
FRUITS & HERBS
BOTTLED IN FRUIT LINCTUS

Here's an effective and accepted remedy for coughs in use for over 50 years. Its concentrated vegetable and herbal extracts help the system to resist and ward off infection, and bring about a complete cure.

for coughs, colds and chest troubles

FRUIT LINCTUS

PHILLIPS PHARMACEUTICAL PROPRIETARIES LTD., BOMBAY 1

TO LOVE, HONOUR and PROTECT

Look at your bride Mr. Bridegroom, so lovely and so loving. She has put her happiness, her security, in fact her whole future, in your hands and you have promised to love, honour and protect her.

We know you will keep your promise to her. We know you will give her the best protection. But let us suggest that the right way to give such protection is to insure—insure with a Company which makes quick settlements which has proved its soundness by ever increasing business for the longest period - which has a management elected by the policyholders - inspired by a true spirit of service to them.

THE BOMBAY MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY LTD.
The Oldest Life Office in India
Bombay Mutual Building, Hornby Road, BOMBAY.

EVERY POLICYHOLDER, A SHARE-HOLDER

Chief Agents:— Messrs. Mohan Sons & Co. 125, Maneckjee Wadia Building Mahatma Gandhi Road. Fort, Bombay.

Messrs. M.C. SHAH & CO., 54, Gandhi Road (Richey Rd.) Ahmedabad
Messrs. A. J. FERNANDES & SONS Kamptee Road Nagpur

Government Move To Control Raw Cotton Prices

GOOD DEMAND IN SPOT MARKET

The Patel Cotton Co., Ltd. has issued the following weekly report:—

The week in New York Futures Market was characterised by dull trading conditions, with traders inclined to await fresh developments in connection with President Truman's anti-inflationary proposals. The re-entry of the S.C.A.P. in the market for approximately 50,000 Bales for Japan, E.C.A. allotments of 63,000,000 dollars to China for the third quarter, and expectations of a higher mid-July parity price—all these bullish factors, therefore, did not bring much warmth to the market. Increasing crop ideas brought light hedge pressure, and the entire list lost a few points over the week, the near months conceding more points than the distant ones. An E.C.A. cotton consultant disclosed that the Administration is not authorising any cotton purchases outside the U.S. cotton now or in near future, because it considers that the estimated U.S. new crop of about 13 million bales is adequate for requirements of Europe and China.

With the entry of Brazil in the Soft Currency, area, much activity is witnessed in Brazilian cotton. The British buying agent in Brazil has, however, returned to U. K. presumably for discussions with the Raw Cotton Commission. Transactions have taken place for the import of Brazilian cotton into India.

ACUTE SCARITY.

In India, an acute scarcity of desirably styles has been driving the mills to look for their supplies to such countries as could sell cotton in soft currencies. Prices of Egyptian cotton are phohibitively high. In spite of the fact that the cotton economy of the dominions of Pakistan and that of India are complimentary to each other, the advantage of working the economy harmoniously is temporarily being ignored. Hence, Indian mills are compelled to secure their supplies from Brazil. Furthermore, there is a possibility of some cotton being secured from Peru, on account of the latest sterling arrangement.

Opening on the 9th October 1947 around the modest level of Rs. 491, the July contract touched the lowest level of Rs. 475-1/4 on 29th October 1947. Thence, however, it rose steadily and reached the highest level of its career of Rs. 789 on 13th May 1948—the highest in the six years' career of the Jarila contract, and the second highest in the history of Bombay Futures Contract. It finished at Rs. 680.

The September Contract rose earlier during the week, but later a sagging tendency set in, due to reports of large purchases of Brazilian styles, both by Bombay and upcountry mills. The downward trend was accelerated by the fact that trading in new crop has not yet been permitted. The market grew suddenly nervous on the 28th instant on rumours of Government reimposition of cotton floors and ceilings and lost by more than Rs. 20 during one session, touching the low level of Rs. 617. Moderate support, however, appeared at this level, chiefly on reports of better offtake of ready cotton, but as a sequel to the posting of police pickets at the Mill gates all over the country which was considered an obvious preliminary step to some drastic anti-inflationary measure of the Indian Government, the prices once once again fell sharply to Rs. 614.

PRICE CONTROL.

The Government announcement regarding the new textile policy is just received. It announces the reintroduction of cloth price contral price stamping on cloth, distribution of a portion of textile production through Government retail shops and Consumers Co-operative Societies, and the control of raw cotton prices.

The spot market at Sewree continued to display keen activity during the week, and there was good demand both for Indian and foreign cottons. Premia have firmed up for Vijay and Jarilas and old crop Kalas have come in for good inquiry.

Almost all the tracts of the Oomra district have received unwanted rains, and excessive moisture has made weeding and hoeing operations difficult. A complete break for some time is urgently needed. Broach-Surti districts, on the other hand, are still suffering from want of rains and droughy conditions continue in Kathiawar and North Gujerat. Some rains have fallen in Compta-Dharwar regions, but are considered insufficient. In Westerns and Northern tracts, sowing operations have made little headway owing to lack of sufficient rains. Beneficial and timely rains have been reported in U.P., the Punjab and Rajputana States.

We have received the following telegram from our Karachi office dated 29th inst:—

Weather both Sind Punjab favourable. Roller 4F and LSS exhausted, stray lots fetching abnormally high prices. Ready demand curbed down owing scarcity desirable cotton. Punjab Desi smooth reshipped Punjab for feeding handloom industry. New Crop Sind N.T. prices steady. Nothing known about Government future export policy."

NEW PROCESS MAY REVOLUTIONISE STEEL INDUSTRY

Higher Output At Lower Cost

British scientists have established a world lead in developing a new steel-making process which may revolutionise the industry in Britain.

It is said to constitute one of the most significant advances in steel production methods for 100 years and to be comparable to the invention of the Bessemer Process. Adopted after long research, it involves the introduction of oxygen to the air blast in the converter. The results are claimed to be: 50 per cent. increase in output, more flexibility of control, higher quality steel, the use of a greater percentage of scrap and, in the long run, cheaper production.

The process has been tried out by a firm at Leeds, and steel which formerly took 15 minutes to make is now being made there in eight minutes.

The process was developed by scientists of the British Iron and Steel Research Association which is sponsored by the whole industry.

ALL-ROUND SATISFACTION.

Mr. Catton, the managing director of the firm using the process, says: "Never before have we developed anything which has brought such all-round satisfaction to the men and the management. The steel made is, if anything, of better quality."

The necessary additional plant is being installed already at four other steel works and plans for it are being prepared at many other steel-producing centres including Teesside where there is a large proportion of side-blown Bessemer converters. Experiments are being made with other types of converters and experts believe that within a few years the oxygen process can be used in all steel-making plant with only small adaptations.

The immediate value of the new process will be a great increase in the productive capacity of foundries. About 45 per cent. of the 400,000 tons of liquid steel produced in Britain annually for castings is made in plant to which the oxygen method can be applied at once.

Production of steel, however, depends among other factors on supplies of raw materials, which is one of the problems facing the British steel industry. The full value of the new process can only be realised if raw material supplies can be extended.

Hapur Market Rates

(From Our Correspondent.)

HAPUR, July 31.

Wheat 24 to 22, Gram 13/8, Barley 3, Bejhar 12/4, Maize 11, Bajra 12, Juwar 14, Guwar 13, Peas 13/4, Arhar 13, Urd 20, Moong 19, Masoor 14/8.

Stocks: Wheat 7, Gram 6, Barley 162, Peas 28, Arhar 17, Maize 17 Khatties. Prices rising steadily.

Gur ready 14, Shakkar 13, Forward Fagan 10/11, Opened 10/103, Yesterday closed 10/10/4-1/2, Very steady.

Sarson 25, Taraseed 21 to 19, Oil 70, Oilcake 8, Binola 13 to 14/8, Oats 10, Methi 15/4, Bardana Asuj 105, October 115, Extremely steady.

Silver Forward 165/3, Opened 165/4, yesterday close 165/4.

Gold Forward 111/14, Opened 111/4, yesterday closed 111/14.

NO INDICATION OF CHANGE IN SILVER PRICE IN SIGHT.

NEW YORK, July 30, (U. P. A.): Trade circles today reported that there is no indication of any change on the silver market as far as price is concerned. The quotation remained contant at 74-5/8 cents since November. Supply and demand appear to be holding equal with no expected al-

London Money Market

LONDON, July 31 (Reuter). London's money market commenced the week fairly well. Conditions were quite easy with supplies of cash for all requirements, the amount of cash available was perhaps not as large as in the latter states of last week. All demands were met without difficulty and books were balanced to saitisfaction.

Towards the end of the week, however, there was marked deterioration in the credit position. Funds were in short supply and fairly substantial calling from outside sources helped to aggravate the position. With new treasury bills to take up, market houses experienced considerable difficulty finding accommodation for the night and it was only through the assistance of an indirect nature that books were eventually balanced.

There was moderate business in bills with a few September and October maturities changing hands.

The Bank of England return recorded another seasonal increase in the active note circulation, this item being further increased by eight and a half million pounds sterling.

Applications for 170,000,000 sterling treasury bills totalled 291,780,000 sterling of which 170,000,000 were allotted at an average rate of 10 shillings 1.34 pence per cent. Next week 170,000,000 sterling treasury bills offered and treasury deposits receipts nil.

LONDON PEPPER PRICES.

LONDON, July 30, (U./P. A.): The pepper market remained quiet in London today with black quoted at 3/1 and white at 3/10-1/2.

In Amsterdam, telephonic advices stated the prices remained unchanged.

NEW YORK PEPPER PRICES.

NEW YORK, July 30, (U. P. A.): On the New York market today, black pepper closed inactive and nominally unchanged.

Closing prices included:

September 66 cents.
October 68 cents.
December 64 cents.
January 59 cents.
March 56 cents.
May 55 cents.
July 54 cents, all nominal.

In the ready market, black pepper was quoted at 70-72 cents and white pepper at 75 cents nom.

Other seed prices were:—

Castorseeds dol. 145 nom. per long ton fob Brazilian ports.

Castorseeds, dol. 135 nom. per long basis Memphis depending on quality.

Flaxseeds dol. 6.10 per bushel, Minneapolis.

Linseed oil 27.7 cents per pound in tank cars.

Peanuts 1850-75 cents per pound fob point of shipment.

Groundnut Oil 27 cents per pound, traded.

CHICAGO GRAINS

CHICAGO, July 31 (Reuter).

Chicago grains weakened on favourable crop advices while maize and oats established new seasonal lows. Week-end covering latterly shaded extreme losses in most grains. No advance in the mid-July parity prices for maize as well as indifferent cash demand resulted in this food grain declining well over six cents before the selling diminished.

Wheat met liquidation and hedging and also reflected reports that the Commodity Credit Corporation has lowered its base buying price at Kansas City by three cents per bushel.

CHICAGO WHEAT

CHICAGO July 31.

September	2.24-1/2
December	2.26-3/4
May	2.21-3/4

RAISING A HEALTHY POTATO CROPS

Value Of Cambridge Research On Virus Control

(BY JOSEPH KALMER)

Over 100 years ago the wet autumn in the years of 1845 and 1846 caused the Irish potato harvest to fail, blighted by root disease. Although the then U.K. Government, of which Sir Robert Peel was Prime Minister, opened the ports, repealed the Corn Laws and imported duty-free wheat and maize, starvation was so serious that in the course of a single winter 250,000 Irish peasants died. According to contemporary statistics, altogether about 1,000,000 Irish perished from hunger, and its consequences were that 1,500,000 people emigrated to the United States and the country lost a third of its population.

When, in modern times, we consider that not even in a highly organised world can a bad harvest be completely made up by imports to a given country, we realise the value of preventive measures, 'inter alia', against such an occurrence. One of these measures is pest control and it involves discovery of the pest itself, often so small that it cannot be seen with the naked eye. Not only bacteria and bacilli are responsible, but ultra-microscopic organisms as well, known to medicine as virus.

Hence the importance of the Plant Virus Research Unit, Cambridge, founded in 1927, which has celebrated its coming-of-age recently by opening a new laboratory.

RESPONSIBILITIES

The Plant Virus Research Unit, Cambridge, was founded for two purposes: to build up a stock of virus-free potatoes produced in insect-proof glass-houses and to investigate, by means of field tests, virus diseases in potatoes and how they are spread. This unit has developed new responsibilities in the intervening years and as it is exceptional, it is hardly surprising that overseas visitors come to Cambridge to obtain information and instruction in virus research methods.

The extent of its sphere of influence can be judged from the number of countries which send students: Argentina, Australia, Belgium, Canada, Czechoslovakia, Denmark, Gold Coast, India, New Zealand, Poland, Portugal, the Union of South Africa, Sweden and the United States.

The first stages of investigation consist in recognising disease symptoms and insects which convey them. The first step and, therefore, the most important, was taken when it was recognised that the leaf louse, 'Aphis Myzus persicoe', not only carried the virus which was responsible for leaf-roll, but also a further virus. It is now known that this Aphis carries more than 20 different types of virus, of which several have already been isolated.

In 1931, the virus, which causes spotted wilt in tomatoes, was isolated, a disease formerly known only in Australia. The subject of the Cambridge research came, however, from Cardiff and meanwhile the disease has spread over the whole world, causing growers much trouble. Other tomato diseases were also investigated, and Bowden and Pirie even succeeded in isolating one virus in crystalline form.

NEW TECHNIQUE

In 1935 Stanley succeeded in isolating the mosaic disease virus in tobacco. In spite of the application of every effort to war purposes, research in this direction did not halt during World War II, and between 1938 and 1945 other important discoveries were made, all relating to types of virus causing disease in potatoes, tomatoes and turnips.

Many types were recognised with help of the electron microscope, which gives magnifications up to 40,000 diameters, by investigators working in conjunction with the Cavendish Laboratory, Cambridge, the most famous physical laboratory in the world.

CEYLON EXCHANGE CONTROL ORDER

Group Scheme Of Remittance For Estate Labour

COLOMBO, July 30 (Reuter): According to an exchange control order under the defence (finance) regulations, provision is made for a person leaving Ceylon for India or Pakistan in any month to take with him currency notes and coins amounting to Rs. 140.

A traveller is expected to bring back Ceylon currency without spending it in India or Pakistan, but he is allowed to take Indian or Pakistan currency for expenditure in these countries.

Provision has been made for travellers to acquire Indian or Pakistan currency on leaving Ceylon by showing their plane or steamer tickets to any approved bank.

The order prohibits the sending of currency notes by post without a permit from the controller. Import of currency notes from India and Pakistan exceeding Rs. 140 is also prohibited without a permit.

It is also notified that it is an offence under defence regulations for any unauthorised person to deal in foreign currencies in any way. Authority granted to money changers except one at the Colombo passenger jetty has been revoked.

A group scheme to enable estate labour to remit money to South India will become operative through the Ceylon emigration commissioner in Trichi. Each family will be allowed to remit Rs. 60 quarterly.

Plea For Proper Storage Of Foodgrains

NEW DELHI, July 31 (API)—Presiding over a meeting of the Grain Merchants of Delhi today, Mr. Jairamdas Daulatram, India's Food Minister stressed the importance of proper storage of foodgrains, he said that as compared to other advanced countries the loss and deterioration due to defective storage was probably greater in India. It had been estimated that the annual loss of foodgrains in India through deterioration and pests was equal to the quantity imported from abroad.

The Provincial and Central Governments were at present handling lakhs of tons of foodgrains which had to be stored in godowns for some months. While he would not deny that loses occurred in godowns under Government control, these had been greatly reduced. The Storage Directorate of the Central Food Ministry had trained about 800 officers in the provinces and states in methods of scientific storage.

Mr K. R. Sontakay, Director of Storage, Ministry of Food then explained by the help of lantern slides various methods of storing foodgrains.

Oil Prospecting Operations In Sind

(From Our Correspondent.)

KARACHI, July 30: Besides the large-scale oil prospecting operations now being carried out at Lakhra in Dadu district, the Burmah Oil Co. (Pakistan Concessions) Ltd. is now reported to be carrying on similar operations in Drighroad area round about Karachi.

The B. O. C. people are reported to have already spent over a crore of rupees over their operations in Sind areas and they hope to be amply rewarded when they reach the digging to 10,000 feet deep in the Lakhra area where from large quantities of oil are expected.

LONDON EXCHANGES

T. T. London on:

	Selling	Buying.
New York	4.0275	4.0325
Montreal	4.0275	4.0325
Zurich	17.34	17.36
Stockholm	14.47 to 14.50	

More Jute Cultivation In India This Year

CALCUTTA, July 31: According to the final estimate of the Director, Jute Agricultural Research, Indian Central Jute Committee, it is expected that about 1,50,000 acres of additional land would be brought under jute cultivation during 1948 and the increased cultivation would yield additional quantity of not less than 4,00,000 bales of raw jute.

This was revealed by Sardar Bahadur Sir Datar Singh in his presidential address at the annual general meeting of the Indian Central Jute Committee at Calcutta yesterday. Sir Datar Singh further informed the Committee that the Standing Committee of the Central Legislature on Agriculture had recommended that the grant of the Central Jute Committee be raised from Rs 5,00,000 to Rs. 10,00,000. They had emphasized that major portion of this grant must be spent on increasing production of jute.

DISTRIBUTION OF CHEMICALS

In giving a brief account of the steps taken by the Central Jute Committee for increasing production of Jute, Sir Datar Singh pointed out that 1,000 tons of chemicals were distributed to the provinces of West Bengal, Bihar, Assam and Orissa. Jute seeds were also supplied to deficit areas for distribution to cultivators through provincial Directors of Agriculture.

JUTE REGULATION ACT

In West Bengal, the largest jute producing province in the Dominion extensive cultivation of jute necessitated some relaxation of rules of the Jute Regulation Act. As a result of discussion between Sir Datar Singh and the representatives of the Government of West Bengal, steps were taken by the Provincial Government to amend the Jute Regulation Act with a view to allowing additional acreage to be brought under jute cultivation, included quick land survey in different jute growing provinces for the purpose of rough estimation of areas of land which could be utilised for production of jute. It was impressed on Provincial Governments that enough additional land should be made available for production of jute as early crop on "Aman" lands.

SEED SUPPLIES

To assist the various Provincial Governments in establishment of seed multiplication farms, the Committee provided in its budget for 1947-48 a sum of Rs. 1,50,000 to be utilised as advance without interest and repayable in five years on the basis of Rs. 10,000 for every hundred acres. The Government of West Bengal, Sir Datar Singh observed, had decided to establish a jute seed multiplication farm in West Dinajpur.

The Director of Jute Agricultural Research explored the possibility of producing jute in some of the areas in Madras and two States, Travancore and Cochin. Some jute seed was procured and sent there for sowing in experimental plots in different areas, Sir Datar Singh concluded.

SUBSIDIES

After the discussion which followed, the Committee decided to further intensify its activities in regard to seed procurement. Seeds will be supplied to cultivators in deficit areas at subsidized rate. In order to popularise use of improved type seeds, the jute agricultural research laboratory of the Indian Central Jute Committee will provide improved strains of jute seeds to Provincial Governments which will carry on seed multiplication schemes in their own farms as well as in farms of registered growers.

For the intensification of propaganda for growing more jute new staff will be recruited who will contact cultivators direct and also help them with instructions and guidance in re-

"La Argentina" In Colombo

COLOMBO, August 1. (U. P. A): Lieutenant Charles Ibara, press officer aboard the cruiser, "La Argentina", said in an interview today that the cruiser experienced fine weather from the time it set out on a world cruise on April 20.

The 140 naval cadets aboard, who are undergoing the final stages of their training, will graduate as naval officers at the conclusion of the present trip, having undergone four years' training at the Naval Academy at Santiago.

The "La Argentina" has a crew of 800 under Skipper Alberto Lenardi.

Before arriving in Colombo, the cruiser touched several ports where it received welcomes as enthusiastic as here.

She will remain in Colombo for a few days prior to resuming her voyage to Aden, then Alexandria, Genoa, Villefrance, Barcelona, Lisbon, Teneriffe and Rio de Janeiro, returning to Buenos Aires on November 9.

This is the first time in about 12 years an Argentine warship has called here.

LAND RECLAMATION SCHEMES

Increased Demands For Tractors From Provinces

NEW DELHI August 1.

The success achieved in the reclamation of wastelands through tractors supplied by the Central Tractor Organisation of the Indian Ministry of Agriculture, is reflected in the increased demands for these machines which are being received from Provinces and Unions of States. The Madhya Bharat Union having seen the reclamation and "kans" infested lands in the adjoining areas of Jhansi and Saugor districts, has asked for three units of 15 tractors each; the Central Provinces and Berar for six units and the U.P. propose to continue their existing three schemes in Ganga Khadar, Nainital Terai and Jhansi on which are engaged 45 tractors. It seems improbable that with its present limited supply of tractors, the Central Tractors Organisation will be able to meet in full the demands from Provinces and States.

Reviewing the extent of land reclaimed to date, an official of the Agriculture Ministry stated that in view of the fact that such large scale mechanical cultivation had been attempted in Asia for the first time, the performance of the second-hand, war-worn tractors, could be said to be satisfactory. He revealed that nearly 32,000 acres of wastelands had already been reclaimed, in addition to the "follow-up" cultivation in certain areas. When the first scheme was launched in the U.P. in December, 1947, it was hoped to complete the reclamation of 30,000 acres in that Province alone by the end of May. Owing to certain operational difficulties which made it impossible to start work on 3 areas simultaneously, the target has fallen short by 4,000 acres. In the Ganga Khadar tract, 11,000 acres have not only been reclaimed by the Ministry of Agriculture, but jointly with the U.P. Government's organisation, they have also been cultivated and sown with sunnhemp, rice, jowar and sugarcane. Colonisation of this land by the Provincial Government is now in progress.

The Ministry of Agriculture is about to embark on yet another scheme of large scale mechanical cultivation in East Punjab for the rehabilitation of refugees from East Punjab, who do not possess the necessary implements to cultivate land. These areas are in the Ferozepore and Karnal Districts of the Punjab, where in the first instance, it is proposed to use 175 tractors for preparing the land for cultivation.

JUNAGADH MUSLIMS DISOWN KHANDWALA

JUNAGADH, Aug 1 (UPI)—Hafiz Mohamad Babi, Ismail Khokhar, Abdul Hussain Jivajee, Abdul Kadir Munshi and Musa Omer Darber, prominent Moslem leaders of Junagadh, in a joint statement to the press say:

"Our attention has been drawin to the existence of an institution styled as Junagadh State Muslims Committee at Karachi, of which one Osman Khandwala is Secretary, who is reported to have addressed a communication to the President, United Nations' Commission for India and Pakistan. Muslims of Junagadh have no connections whatsoever with this socalled committee.

"Those of us who have elected to remain in India owe our unstinted allegiance and loyalty to the Indian Union and wish to state publicly that we do not share the views expressed by the institution run in Karachi, and we do not corroborate the statement made by its Secretary. In test of our loyalty we have remained here with firm determination to make our adequate contribution to the welfare and progress of Indian Union."

Textile Workers' Token Strike in Calcutta

CALCUTTA, July 30 (API): A one-day token strike was observed today in certain jute and cotton mills and some iron, flour and other factories in the Calcutta industrial area, as a protest against the award of the engineering Tribunal set up by the West Bengal Government to decide on certain labour disputes and also "to protest against retrenchment and the indecisive labour policy of the West Bengal Government."

The strike was called by the Socialist sponsored Howrah Mazdoor Mandal, and according to the Labour Secretary of the Socialist Party, 50,000

Shipping News

IMPORTS

BOMBAY, July 31.

S. S. DWARKA

FROM BUSRAH: 1210 baskets L. dates.

FROM KHORAMSHIRE: 543 bags puppy seeds 41 bags pista 151 bags almond kernels 1312 bags khsmish 318 bags almond with shell 2427 bags zeera seeds 1030 cases angoor.

FROM KARACHI: 100 cases manufacture 82 bales tyres and bulbs 200 bags portland cement 118 bags white zeera 223 pkts abjosh 350 cases khsmish 87 bags cumin seeds 50 bags nuts 183 bags almond seeds.

S. S. CLAN MACLARIN

FROM GLASGOW: 758 bags steel rose nails, 98 bales E. ware lavatories, 80 bags maize 595 cases Scotch Whisky 230 cases bottle beer, 3992 loose asbestos cement pressure, 84 pcs. E. ware closet, 48 pcs. cistern sheets, 759 coils steel wire shorts, 85 cases N. salts.

FROM LIVERPOOL: 150 loose Ms. dished plates, 36 cases insulated wire 34 lose anvils, 45 ctns. radio receivers, 68 pcs. San E. ware, 250 loose dished plates, 32 bdls. boot protectors, 32 bales B. paper, 107 bales protectors, 110 coils gal wire shorts, 148 drums boiler solution 105 cases glazed tiles 290 cases rayon yarn 1356 drums caustic soda 80 bales wool tops, 620 bags powdered P. liquid paint, 117 drums forensic acid 500 bags bichromate of soda 253 cases aluminion circles, 263 bdls. drilling sheets.

EXPORTS

GOODS ENTERED FOR EXPORT

S. S. BHARAT MATA

TO KARACHI: 15 bales cotton piecegoods—Premier Trading Co. 152 bales cotton piecegoods—M. Sidique and Co. 13 bales handloom piecegoods—J. A. Karimbux.

S. S. VARSOVA

TO KARACHI: 50 bdls beetle nuts—Mohemdin.

S. S. DWARKA

TO KUWAIT: 10 bales cotton piecegoods—C. C. Shah 6 bales cotton piecegoods—D. Khandas and Bros. 18 bales cotton piecegoods—A. H. Shaya 11 bales cotton piecegoods—S. V. Pandit and Co. 5 bales cotton piecegoods—V. S. Agashe and Co. 40 bales handloom piecegoods—J. Tribhoowan.

S. S. MAUX MARINE

TO NEW YORK: 240 bags black pepper—Gandhi Bros.

S. S. PORMOSA

TO ADEN: 10 bales cotton piecegoods—C. Kasturchand 50 bags dry ginger—M. Vandravan.

S. S. KHANDALA

TO MOMBASSA: 10 bags cotton sewing threads—Velji and Co.

Arrivals And Departures Of Steamers

ARRIVALS

R.F.A. CEDERDALE (Anglo-Iranian Oil) from Manchaster on July 30 (H.D. Gansden:.

MEUSE ARGONNE (Oversea Tankship Corporation) from Bahrein on July 31 carrying gesoline, geronase and diesel 12,700 tons. (Caltex).

S.S. BHARATMATA (Bharat Lines) from Bhavanagar on July 31 carrying general cargo 647 tons.

DEPARTURES

S.S. CLAN MACIVER (Cayzer Irvine & Co. Ltd.) to London on July 30 carrying general cargo 1750 tons.

M.S. NUCULAWA (Anglo-Saxen) to Abadan on July 30.

S.S. TONJER (H M. Wrangell) to Tuticorin on July 30 carrying general cargo 4000 tons.

You are invited

. . . to make use of the outstanding services of the able and seasoned bankers who have made United Commercial Bank what it is today. The Manager of your nearest branch of the Bank will be pleased to discuss in detail the benefit and importance of having an influential banking connection which offers India-wide as well as foreign financial service.

PAID-UP CAPITAL: Rs. 2 CRORES
RESERVE FUND: Rs: 40 LACS

THE UNITED COMMERCIAL BANK LTD.

CALCUTTA

Branches in all important cities and towns of India and Burma and agency arrangements throughout the world.

INVEST IN OUR 3-YEAR Cash Certificates

G. D. BIRLA CHAIRMAN — B. T. THAKUR GENERAL MANAGER

ASP — UC-21

For INSURANCE

East & West INSURANCE CO., LTD.

EAST & WEST BLDG., Apollo St., Fort, BOMBAY.

Chairman. SANKALCHAND G. SHAH, B.A., LL.B.

Manager. K. N. SAMANT, M. COM.

AMRUTANJAN THE ATOM BOMB Pain Balm

Digitized by Brihanmumbai Municipal Corporation Government of Maharashtra on 21 April, 2017

The Bombay Chronicle

Regd No B 1065

CITY'S HOMAGE TO TILAK'S MEMORY

STATUE AT CHOWPATTY GARLANDED

Patil's Tribute To Lokmanya's 40 Years Of Struggle For "Swaraj"

BOMBAY, Sunday.

AMIDST THE PLAYING OF BAND AND THE CRIES OF 'LOKMANYA TILAK-KI-JAI' RENDING THE AIR, THE STATUE OF LOKMANYA TILAK ON CHAUPATTY SANDS WAS PROFUSELY GARLANDED EARLY THIS MORNING BY MR. S. K. PATIL ON BEHALF OF THE BOMBAY PROVINCIAL CONGRESS COMMITTEE AND THE CITIZENS OF BOMBAY ON THE 28TH ANNIVERSARY OF THE LOKMANYA.

A half-mile long procession starting from the Congress House at 7-30 a.m. inaugurated the celebrations. Desh-Sevikas in white and green uniform prominent Congressmen and citizens of Bombay marched in the procession which wended its way through Vithalbhai Patel Road, Lamington Road, Opera House and ended in a meeting at Chaupatty.

PATIL'S TRIBUTE

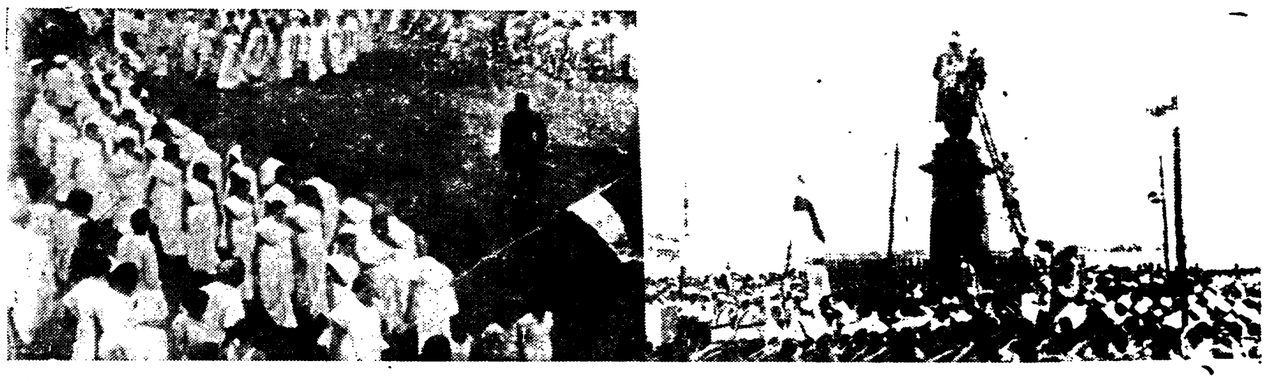
After unfurling the National Flag near the Tilak's statue, Mr. Patil said, it was for the first time that they were celebrating the Tilak anniversary in Free India. Everytime, they celebrated the occasion in the past, Mr. Patil pointed out that they had hoped that the next anniversary would be celebrated in Free India. It was a happy day, Mr. Patil added that today they were paying homage to the Lokmanya after attaining freedom.

LOKMANYA'S LEGACY

Briefly sketching the role of Tilak in India's struggle for freedom, remarked Mr. Patil that for 40 turbulent years, the Lokmanya strove, struggled and suffered to uphold his 'mantras' —'Swaraj is my birth-right' Mr. Patil observed that Swaraj was not only a birth-right of Tilak and of the people of India, but for all the people of the world.

For 40 years, from 1880 to 1920 till his death, the Lokmanya dominated the Indian politics, said Mr. Patil and he pointed out that when Mahatma Gandhi entered public life, he acted as a lieutenant of the Lokmanya. When the whole India was drowned in sorrow after Tilak's death in 1920, Mahatma Gandhi told the grief stricken people, "it is a blasphemy to say that Tilak is dead. He can never, never die".

With the achievement of freedom, the Bombay Congress Chief stressed that the work of the people had not ended. He reminded the gathering that many a country had lost freedom and he feared that their hard-earned freedom would slip away if they lacked faith, patriotism and discipline.



Under the auspices of the B.P.C. C., the death anniversary of Tilak was celebrated in city on Sunday. In the pictures are seen the parade of the girl volunteers and garlanding of the statue of Tilak at Chowpatty.

U.N.O. KASHMIR COMMISSION

Advance Party In Srinagar

SRINAGAR, Aug. 1 (API)—The advance party of the United Nations Kashmir Commission, which arrived here yesterday after visiting different battle-fronts in Jammu, today studied the general military situation in the Kashmir Valley at the divisional headquarters of Indian troops in Kashmir.

The party during its three days' stay here will tour different fronts in this area.

IDEOLOGIES CLASH IN KASHMIR

BOMBAY, July 31 (UPI): "The present war in Kashmir is a war between the outlooks which Mahatma Gandhi and Mr. Jinnah have preached all these years", declared Sheikh Mohammad Abdullah, Premier of Kashmir, in a foreward to a new booklet entitled "Birth-Pangs of New Kashmir" by Prof. N. S. Phadke to be published next week by Messrs. Hind Kitabs.

Sheikh Abdullah continuing said: "Kashmir to-day does not allure with its usual charm. In the bosom of Kashmir, a war is being fought—a war between the philosophy that a people has the right to choose its own destiny and religious narrow-mindedness must not influence the judgement and attitude of a State, and the philosophy that aggression should decide the future of a country and that a State must be ruled by religious edicts. It is a war between the outlooks which Gandhi and Jinnah have preached all these years.

"Kashmir is a big commitment, as every Indian must realise, but the future of all progress in India, Pakistan and Kashmir is inter-linked with the problem. Kashmir is the first test for the people in India to prove that they are worthy of the freedom they have achieved."

ARMY PUBLICITY JOB FOR MANKEKAR

NEW DELHI, July 31 (API): Mr. D. R. Mankekar, formerly special representative of the "Times of India" in New Delhi, has been appointed Armed Forces Information Officer in the Defence wing of the Press Information Bureau, the Editor of the "Times of India" having agreed to release him temporarily in the interests of National service, says a Press Note.

Mirza Ismail Awaits Nizam's Reply

MORE LIGHT ON HIS NEGOTIATIONS WITH INDIAN CABINET

NEW DELHI, JULY 31, (UPI): IT IS UNDERSTOOD THAT SIR MIRZA ISMAIL HAS INFORMED THE NIZAM THAT HE WILL NOT ACCEPT THE PREMIERSHIP OF HYDERABAD.

SIR MIRZA IS ALSO REPORTED TO HAVE DECLINED TO ACCEPT THE AMBASSADORSHIP OF INDIA IN FRANCE AS HE DOES NOT KNOW FRENCH.

It is learnt that Sir Mirza Ismail has been in communication with the Nizam and was giving "advice" to him during the critical phase of the Indo-Hyderabad negotiations last month. He was also requested by the Nizam to come to Delhi in May when the Indo-Hyderabad talks were proceeding. but he declined to oblige the Nizam as the time was not considered "ripe" then. About the middle of this month, Sir Mirza received a request from the Nizam to proceed to Delhi to make an effort for a compromise. It is, however, gathered that the Nizam has not yet disclosed his mind to Sir Mirza Ismail.

Sir Mirza, during his talks with the Prime Minister of India and the Minister for States, is understood to have urged upon them to agree to the Nizam signing on the dotted lines of the agreement which was rejected by the Nizam earlier. He is also reported to have sent a communication to the Nizam requesting him to sign on the dotted lines of the agreement. if he wants to come to a settlement with the Indian Dominion.

A reply is now being awaited by Sir Mirza, it is understood that if the Nizam agrees to sign the agreement rejected by him earlier, a compromise on the Indo-Hyderabad dispute is considered possible. Sir Mirza Ismail, who is staying at Government House. will move to the Nizam's Guest House tomorrow.

RAZAKAR RAID AT YERRUPALAYAM AGAIN

MADRAS, July 31, (API): A passenger train which arrived in Vijayawada on the night of July 27 from Hyderabad was raided by a gang of Razakars at Yerrupalayam station on the Nizam state railway, 25 miles from Vijayawada, according to an account given by the Madras Government today.

When the train came to a halt at Yerrupalayam station, the report stated, the Razakars forced their way into some compartments. They beat up the passengers and relieved them of their money-purses, fountain pens and boxes.

UPROAR AT MEETING IN LONDON

LONDON, Aug. 1 (Reuter): "Orators Corner" outside London's Hyde Park—a spot where anyone can speak publicly if he can attract an audience—last night heard demands for stoppage of blockade against Hyderabad.

The organisers of this meeting were mostly Muslim students from Pakistan and Hyderabad who together number about 30 in London.

The students had a Police licence to hold their meeting inside the Park, away from the usual speakers on the footpaths outside, and with their slogan, banners and loud speakers, they drew a fairly large crowd.

Heckling by Hindu students and others began early but was kept in check by a promise that ample time would be devoted to questions at the end of the meeting.

Near the hour when the meeting had to end under the licence, however, the student Chairman announced that all questions must be submitted in writing. None was handed in and shortly afterwards he said there was no time left for questions.

Uproar at once broke out. A resolution of protest against "the blockade which is depriving 17,000,000 people of the common necessities of life and endangering their healthy existence" was put to the meeting. There was a roar of "yes" followed by another roar of "nos".

One or two baulked hecklers who began shouting as the meeting dissolved were gently but firmly told by a police inspector to "go home and have your supper".

Several small meetings started and each one was genially broken up by Police officers. The speakers who had not their say were advised that while they could not meet outside the Park, they could talk to their hearts' contents at "Orators Corner". Apparently they did not trouble to do so and they soon became lost in the sea of humanity which every Saturday night flows across this quarter of London.

ARAB DELEGATION TO MUSLIM COUNTRIES

To Seek Help For Palestine Struggle

DAMASCUS, Aug. 1 (Reuter): The Palestine Arab Higher Committee has decided to send a delegation to Moslem and Oriental countries "to explain the Palestine situation and ask for material and moral help to resume the struggle in Palestine until it is successful", it was reported here today.

vu1.8U14 iQ

TRUMAN-DEWEY CALL FOR WORLD PEACE

Our Differences Superficial & Similarities Fundamental

NEW YORK, July 31 (Reuter)—The Republican Presidential candidate Mr. Thomas E. Dewey joined President Truman today—at the dedication of New York's new international airport—in calling for greater co-operation among the nations of the world.

The two leaders were the first presidential opponents of the two major American parties ever to appear together on the same platform at a public function.

President Truman laid down three requirements for lasting peace—the restoration of confidence encouragement of mutual trust and understanding and the promotion of economic recovery.

He said "it is the job of the American people to help restore confidence all over the world that peace is not only possible but inevitable if the peoples of the world work together."

Mr. Dewey said: "All of us in this shrinking world must learn and the sooner the better to understand our superficial differences and to know our fundamental similarities as a people."

As President Truman and Governor Dewey were speaking, 1,000 planes, including the world's largest bomber, the B-36, had a rendezvous over the ocean for a sky display, the mightiest air parade of United States air strength in peacetime.

A jet propelled shooting star led the parade in which British jet and other planes took part.

Shah Of Iran In Paris

PARIS, August 1. (U. P. A.): Mohammed Reza Pahlevi, Shah of Iran, arrived here by plane from London today and was greeted by Premier Andre Marie.

Foreign Minister Robert Schuman, Interior Minister Jules Moch and, Mayor of Paris, Pierre de Gaulle, also were present to receive him.

The official party drove to the Hotel Grillon for a luncheon in the Shah's honour.

PROF. BHANSALI FOR NIZAM'S CAPITAL

HYDERABAD, (Dn.) Aug. 1 (UPI): Prof. Bhansali, who is touring the disturbed parts of the Dominion of the Nizam, left Madhura for Kharman, from where he will be reaching Hyderabad via Warangal or Suryapet.

The party accompanying him consists of 15 persons, including Srimati Gyankumari Hedda, Dr. (Mrs.) Chinna Reddy, Mr. Lochandas, two ladies from Nalgonda and some people from Sewagram.

It is stated Mr. Hedda and some other local Congressmen will meet Prof. Bhansali at Kharman.

"WHOLLY SATISFACTORY"

Mody On India's Industrial Policy

BUT GOVERNMENT MUST CREATE CONDITIONS TO OFFER INDUCEMENT TO FOREIGN CAPITAL, HE SAYS

NEW YORK, AUGUST 1 (REUTER): SIR HOMI P. MODY, A DIRECTOR OF TATA INDUSTRIES, AND FORMER INDIAN MINISTER OF SUPPLY, SAID IN AN INTERVIEW WITH 'REUTER' YESTERDAY THAT INDIA'S INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT DEPENDED ENTIRELY ON THE "SPIRIT OF ACCOMMODATION" SHOWN BY THE NEHRU GOVERNMENT IN WORKING OUT ITS POLICY OF SOCIALISATION AND ON THE "SPIRIT OF REASONABLENESS" SHOWN BY LABOUR.

HE ADDED THAT THE GOVERNMENT MUST CREATE CONDITIONS TO OFFER INDUCEMENT TO FOREIGN CAPITAL, OF WHICH INDIA NEEDED A "TREMENDOUS AMOUNT".

Sir Homi, who has been exchanging information and ideas with American industrialists since he arrived in May, admitted that the Government, in its recent announcement of policy, had shown "a more realistic approach" by recognising the desirability of leaving certain fields of industry to private enterprise and said that only essential controls, in the public interest, would be imposed.

"I cannot pretend, however, that from the point of view of industrialists, the picture is wholly satisfactory, but, at any rate, the viewpoint of the industrialists, who met the Prime Minister a few months ago, has received some recognition, Sir Homi said.

"It is quite possible that in the working out of his policy, various snags may be encountered and the policy revised from time to time as experience dictates'.

Sir Homi said that the views of Indian industrialists were now more liberal than they used to be. They had recognised modern trends in industry and had moved away a great deal from the positions they took up only two or three years ago.

Private enterprise had recognised profit-sharing, the principle of fair remuneration for Capital and Labour, and the desirability of associating Labour with industry in matters of production.

"What our industrialists did not recognise was excessive controls over industry. At the Delhi conference last year, we resisted such controls and contended that Indian industrial development would be thwarted by any very radical programme of socialisation.

Questioned about Hyderabad, Sir Homi said his view was from every point of view, including the geographical, the close integration of Hyderabad with India, without affecting the internal autonomy of the former, was a necessity.

He hoped that Hyderabad would take its place in the Indian Union. "Hyderabad cannot possibly afford to live in isolation, constituted as it is and surrounded on all sides by Indian provinces," he said.

Sir Homi was optimistic that a "more wholesome atmosphere" would prevail in relations between India and Pakistan.

"The necessity of a close accord between the two Dominions is too obvious to be stressed", he said. "A great deal of misunderstanding still seems to subsist but when certain problems, which are straining relations, are got out of the way, I have no doubt it will be recognised that there is a large field of common interests.

"These interests require a close understanding between the two countries and on them depend a great deal, the peace and progress of the whole continent".

Sir Homi will leave for London on August 6 and expects to arrive in Bombay early in September.

TERRORIST HIDE-OUT IN JOHORE ATTACKED

SINGAPORE, Aug. 1 (Reuter): Spitfires, troops and police today attacked a terrorist jungle hide-out on Muar, Johore.

The hide-out is believed to be a camp from which 100 armed Chinese 5 days ago attacked an estate in the district and, after driving away the European manager and special constables, burned down every building.

RELEASE RED SHIRT CHIEF

Frontier Leaguers' Demand To Ministry

PESHAWAR, July 31, (UPI): Although no confirmation could be had from the Ministerial Party circles, there is a persistent rumour that the extremist section in the Frontier Muslim League Party have demanded of the Provincial Government the release of Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan and also such of his followers who were arrested under Section 40 of the Frontier Crime Regulations, so that after some time they might be arrested under the N.W.F.P. Public Safety Ordinance.

This demand, it is stated, has been made, as according to them Khan Ghaffar Khan and others are being lightly treated for their alleged prejudicial activities and hence sterner action should be taken under the Ordinance.

What the Government's reaction to this demand is not yet known.

LEST WE FORGET FIRST ATOM BOMB

Hiroshima Prepares For Third Anniversary

TOKYO, Aug. 1 (Reuter): Hiroshima has made elaborate preparations to observe the third anniversary of the destruction of the city by the first atomic bomb on August 6, 1945.

The "Peace Bell" in the centre of the city will be tolled, and sirens will sound at the exact moment the bomb exploded, memorial services will be held for the bomb's victims and "Peace Trees" will be planted.

Although the city was completely wrecked by the explosion, a new Hiroshima has already sprung up with 50,000 homes and a population of 245,000.

INDIAN STUDENTS TO BOYCOTT IT

British Tory-Sponsored International Youth Conference

LONDON, July 31, (UPI): The Executive Committee of the Federation of Indian Students Association in Great Britain and Europe has decided not to participate, in any way, in the international Youth Conference to be held in London shortly.

The Indian Students maintain that the conference has been called by British Conservative Students with a view to creating a split among the student organisations.

General Secretary of the Federation, Mr. S. Krishnaswamy issued a statement today asking all Indian students resident in Great Britain and Europe "to bear in mind that if they do attend the conference they will not be representing the Indian Federation."

PLEA FOR LONDON EDITIONS OF INDIAN NEWSPAPERS

Banerjee On Necessity Of Counteracting Pakistan Propaganda In U. K.

CALCUTTA, July 31 (API)—The Vice-Chancellor of Calcutta University, Mr. P. N. Banerjee, today estimated that India spent about five crores of rupees annually on Indian students in the United Kingdom.

Mr. Banerjee, who returned yesterday to Calcutta after attending the session of the British Commonwealth Universities Conference at Bristol, stated in an interview that the introduction of higher standards in the Indian Universities and greater State aid to them might very well result in cutting down this expenditure in England. It included about 75 lakhs of rupees spent by the Indian Central and Provincial Governments in scholarships alone, as well as remittances by parents. He considered that now only post-graduate and advanced scholars need proceed to the United Kingdom for purposes of further study and research. Under-graduates should no longer go to United Kingdom universities for securing mere degrees.

Mr. Banerjee said that Indian students in general did not appear to be satisfied with the High Commissioner's Office in London. This might be due to a bad legacy from the past, and it might also be due to lack of organisation and co-ordination essential in the High Commissioner's office. After all, the present office had been functioning as a Dominion High Commissioner's office for less than a year. In his view appointments to this office from India at any rate should be made on grounds of efficiency, competence and greater contacts with conditions here.

ABSENCE OF PUBLICITY

Mr. Banerjee was struck greatly by the "total absence of publicity" for the Indian point of view in England and suggested that the Press barons in India should be persuaded to have a London edition of Indian newspapers. The High Commissioner's office issued a weekly typewritten sheet of news not read by even the thousand employees of that office. Indian residents in England and Indian students simply starved for news from Home. Whatever Indian news appeared in British newspapers was coloured by British political points of view. Illustrating this, Mr. Banerjee said that Indian difficulties, particularly unhappy relationships in the geographical sub-continent of India, received some amount of publicity in Britain. The High Commissioner's Publicity Department, if it existed, should be whipped into action.

The Vice-Chancellor referred in this connection to the propaganda done by the Pakistan Government and said that posters inviting people to join the Hyderabad Day Celebration on July 30 appeared profusely in London. He had yet to learn if the Publicity Department of India had done anything to counteract this propaganda. The Pakistan posters, Mr. Banerjee said, drew attention to "alleged atrocities" perpetrated by the Indian Union on innocent men and women in Hyderabad in language neither parliamentary nor forensic.

Lathi Charge And Arrests In Calcutta

CALCUTTA, Aug 1 API): The Calcutta Police effected 10 arrests yesterday and resorted to a lathi charge to disperse a crowd which held up three lorry loads of tamarind seeds which were being transported through an area of north Calcutta.

Suspecting that they were being taken for adulteration with wheat flour, the crowd threw down on the road all the bags of seeds. It was explained to them that they were for industrial use in jute and textile factories, but they remained unconvinced and obstructed the collection of the bags.

The police then resorted to a lathi charge and also made 10 arrests on the spot.

MUTT AND JEFF—Jeff's Talking To Himself And Doesn't Want Any Back Talk By BUD FISHER

YEH, JEFF! GIRLS WHO ARE SWEET ENOUGH TO EAT, USUALLY DO! THAT'S RIGHT, JEFF!
JEFF, WHO'RE YOU TALKIN' TO?
OH, I'M TALKIN' TO MYSELF, MUTT!
YOURSELF? WHY?
WELL, I LIKE TO HEAR A MAN WITH GOOD COMMON SENSE TALK!
PRAY, DON'T YOU FIND YOURSELF BORING?
NOT AT ALL SINCE WE HAVE TWO 'PHONES I ALWAYS CALL MYSELF UP AND TALK!
AS I WAS SAYIN', JEFF, ABOUT GIRLS-
AS I WAS SAYIN', JEFF, ABOUT GIRLS-
Fisher

Printed and Published for The Bombay Chronicle Co. Ltd., by MICHAEL ANDRADES at The Bombay Chronicle Press, Red Building, Parsi Bazar Street Fort, Bombay. Jointly edited by S. NATARAJAN.